

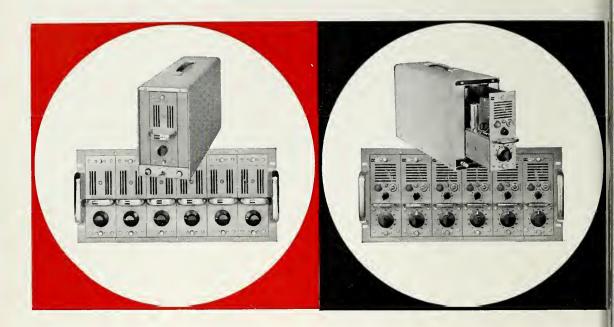
missiles and rockets

MAGAZINE OF WORLD ASTRONAUTICS

Engineering and Electronics Edition

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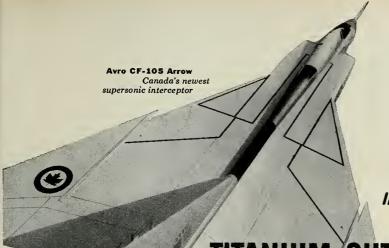
WIDEBAND, SINGLE ENDED DC AMPLIFIERS AMPLIFY DATA SIGNALS FROM DC TO 40 KC WITH 2 MICROVOLT STABILITY

±2 microvolt stability ■ <5 microvolt noise ■ 40 kc bandwidth ■ 100 K Ω input, <1 ohm output impedance ■ Gain of 20 to 1000 in ten steps with continuous 1 to 2 times variation of each step ■ ±45 V, ±40 ma output ■ 1.0% gain accuracy ■ 0.1% gain stability and linearity ■ Integral power supply

Millions of cumulative hours of operation have proved KIN TEL Model 111 series DC amplifiers to be the basic component for all data transmission, allowing simple, reliable measurement of strain, temperature and other phenomena. DC instrumentation systems – with their inherently greater accuracy, simplicity, and reliability than AC or carrier systems – are made entirely practical by the excellent dynamic performance, stability, and accuracy of KIN TEL DC amplifiers. Price: 111BF-\$575; six amplifier module-\$200; single amplifier cabinet – \$125.

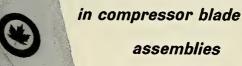
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In the Arrow's twin IROQUOIS turbojets...

TITANIUM CUTS WEIGHT 57%





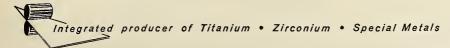
Twin Orenda-built Iroquois jet engines will speed the Avro Arrow through space at 20 miles per minute. In these advanced design turbojets, as in the aircraft structure itself, every pound of weight-saving becomes a vital consideration.

To Orenda designers, titanium's high strength-to-weight ratio proved a double bonanza. By using titanium in place of stainless steel for compressor blading, much lighter titanium disks could also be used. Result: A total weight saving in the assembly of 57% (see diagram). In addition, lighter structural members could be used, contributing further weight savings and improving performance.

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High-strength aluminum castings meeting the specifications of MIL-C-21180(Aer) are produced by American Brake Shoe Company in Ductaluminum 356T and Ductaluminum 356S. These castings provide guaranteed* mechanical properties in highly stressed areas specified by the design engineer. Greater design freedom, improved production economy, and complete service reliability result.

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LIGHT METALS DEPARTMENT

MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY



COVER: A Falcon motor case undergoes an oil "bath" at the Scaife Co. of Oakmont, Penn., prior to heat treatment. This is another example of how industry is finding new and better methods of forming and fabricating rocket metals. (Story on p. 25.)

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Typical M Series Gyro undergoes 20 G Linear Vibration Test with no deteriorotion of performance,

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Model M-1 shown octual size

celerations up to 100 G yet sensitive enough to detect turn rates of only 0.005 degrees per second. A damping ratio variation of 2 to 1 or better is maintained without heaters by a unique fluid damped, temperature compensated system that assures reliable operation over the entire operating temperature range.

Honeywell's newest miniature rate gyros, Type M Series, are rugged enough to withstand repeated shocks and linear ac-

Type M Series Gyros are specifically designed for autopilot damping, radar antenna stabilization and fire control applications. Their small size, high performance and ruggedness suit them particularly for high performance military aircraft and guided missile applications. Write for Bulletin M to Minneapolis-Honeywell, Boston Division, Dept. 45, 40 Life Street, Boston 35, Mass.

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FULL SCALE RANGE: ta 400 degrees per secand

THRESHOLD-RESOLUTION: 0.005 degrees per second

LINEARITY: 0.1 % ta 2 % depending on range

DAMPING: 2 to 1 (or better)

TEMPERATURE RANGE: -65 to +200 and +250°F

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VIBRATION: 20 G to 2,000 cps

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MOTOR EXCITATION: 26 valts, 400 cps (standard)
2 phase and 3 phase

SIZE: 1" diameter, 23/4" lang

WEIGHT: 4.5 ounces

Honeywell

Military Products Group

the missile week

washington countdown

Future looks grim . . .

for press coverage of launchings from Pacific Missile Test Range. Navy reportedly is trying to lease—for obvious security reasons—privately-owned hilltops overlooking Point Arguello site. Air Force could do the same thing for the Point Sal site, which incidentally is already seeing newsmen setting up quarters for first launch. Sentry satellite is expected to go between December 15-19 from Vandenberg.

Jupiter-C nose cone . . .

recovered in August, 1957 and shown on television during President Eisenhower's post-Sputnik speech has been presented to Smithsonian Institution. Only one thing was missing—the letter from Army scientists to Maj. Gen. J. B. Medaris. Medaris had it with him in Paris where he was attending the NATO Parlimentarian meeting. However, he promised to turn it over to the Smithsonian upon his return.

A form letter . . .

to answer queries about staking claims on the moon and other planets has been prepared by the Department of the Interior. In part it says: "It is not now nor has it ever been possible for anyone to make application for or obtain the right to land on the moon or planets through the United States Government." Mail of this sort has been on a steady increase since Sputnik I, the Department says.

Nixon's press advisor . .

and administrative assistant William Key, will leave that political post about December 1 and return to his old job as chief of public relations for Fairchild Engine and Airplane Corp. at Hagerstown, Md. Ex-Atlanta City Editor Key took the vice presidential spot about one year ago under considerable persuasion.

Newsmen getting educated . . .

as scientific and technical agencies in the Washington area help them to obtain a basic education in space matters. NASA recently had a briefing on basic facts of space flight. Last week, the U.S. Naval Observatory offered a special briefing on astronomy and space concepts. The Navy briefing covered space navigation, prediction of orbits, aiming space vehicles and allied subjects.

Isolated duty pay . . .

up to 40% is being considered by the Air Force for some personnel who will be manning missile bases and warning sites in remote areas. Cost is estimated at \$16 million for 1960.

Armed services are unhappy . . .

with some of the personnel acquiring practices of NASA. Army Ordnance Missile Command is probably the saddest, but other agencies aren't smiling either. At Naval Research Laboratory, officials complain that the new agency took an additional 50 scientists and engineers in addition to the Vanguard team. Some 10 other government agencies, including the AEC, reportedly are involved. However, NASA spokesmen say that all transfers are proceeding in a planned and orderly manner.

Supreme court ruling . . .

involving income tax deductions may hold some unpleasant surprises for missile industry personnel. Court took up the case of Douglas employees who deducted meals, lodging and travel costs, claiming their transfer to another base was temporary. The court ruled that board and lodging at job sites away from established residences cannot be claimed.

Future spacemen . . .

might well ponder a report which came out of the recent convention of the Association of Military Surgeons. According to Capt. William R. Stanmeyer, USN, men living in a closed environment showed a 100% increase in tooth decay. The experiment, covering an 18-month period compared the cavity rate of men living in submarines with those based on shore. Lack of fresh vegetables and other vitamin sources, was one reason postulated.



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the missile week

industry countdown

Operational Army missiles . . .

are displaying a high degree of reliability, according to Brig. Gen. J. M. Colby, Deputy Commander of the Army Ordnance Missile Command. Nike-Hercules tests have demonstrated a better than 80% record intercept accuracy while the Redstone record has a reliability score of only two failures in 41 firings since Aug. 20, 1953. Most Nike-Hercules failures were traced to a single subassembly which is now undergoing re-design. Out of 15 troop-fired Corporals launched recently in New Mexico, 14 were successful, the Army reported.

Air Force Hare "ramjet" . . .

missile will recombine oxygen atoms scooped up at its operating altitude of approximately 60 miles, into molecular form, releasing great amounts of energy in the process. A catalytic agent will be needed to increase the rate of recombination. Preliminary studies indicate that gold is the most promising catalyst, with aluminum and/or mica receiving attention as the reactor construction material. Additional studies are being conducted to determine more precisely the concentration of the oxygen atoms existing at the missile's proposed operating altitude. Oxygen at that altitude has been broken down into individual atoms by the action of ultraviolet radiation.

NASA is forming . . .

13 new research advisory committees to provide technical counsel and a special committee on Life Sciences to advise the agency on matters connected with human factors, medical and allied problems of the manned capsule program. The committees, which are expected to start functioning early next year. "will promote communication with other workers in the same or allied fields by reviewing research in progress, considering new problems, and making recommendations regarding the direction in which future research should go."

NASA's committee . . .

will be concerned with the following fields: fluid mechanics; aircraft aerodynamics; control, guidance and navigation; chemical energy processes; nuclear energy processes; mechanical power plant systems; electrical power plant systems; structural loads; structural design; structural dynamics; materials; and aircraft operating problems.

GAM-77 Hound Dog missile system . . .

will move into the production picture with the award of an \$18,928,000 contract to North America Aviation's Missile Division for a limited quantity of the air-to-surface bird. Initial use of GAM-77, the missile portion of WS-131B, will be with the Boeing B-52G bomber. The missile will be powered by a PW J-52 turbojet engine with 7500-lb thrust. Directed to the target by a self-contained inertial guidance system, *Hound Dog* will carry a nuclear warhead. Meanwhile, SAC has successfully launched the McDonnell Quail decoy missile from both the B-47 and B-52.

NAA's ion rocket test laboratory . . .

was placed in operation last week at the Propulsion Field Laboratory of Rocketdyne. Tests will begin early in January after checkout of the lab equipment. Equipped with an electrical power supply rated at 40,000 volts at two amperes, the lab will operate engines of one-tenth pound thrust with extremely high specific impulse values. Engines will be fired in a high vacuum chamber to duplicate the airlessness of space. NAA built the lab with capital funds to advance development studies initiated in 1954.

Atlantic Research . . .

will use three of its research rockets in a *Polaris* acceleration program. The small *Arcon, Iris,* and *Arcas* are being called into service for studies, thus saving the current test vehicles. *Arcon* will investigate vibration problems expected to be encountered by the *Polaris* in flight. *Iris,* designed to carry 40 pounds of instruments to a height of 70 miles, is expected to be ready for flight testing early next year. *Arcas* will be used for missile research and routing weather data collection.

Competition has been reopened . . .

for the single chamber one million pound thrust engine, according to ARPA Director Roy W. Johnson. Development originally was contracted to Rocketdyne when program was under ARPA. NASA took over and reportedly has ordered a reopening to allow companies to bid—such as Pratt & Whitney—who were not in the rocket field when ARDC held the original competition.

No decision taken . .

on a proposal before the Aircraft Industries Association in Phoenix recently for a name change. Topic will come up again at the Williamsburg Spring meeting.



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On the left above, the world's smallest 3000 psi pneumatic solenoid valve. (Overall height 35%", total weight 3.04 oz.) Beside it, the world's fastest 3000 psi pneumatic solenoid valve, with a response time of 0.018 seconds! Developed by Walter Kidde & Company, and now available on an off-the-shelf basis, these two valves were developed primarily for missile applications, but a glance at their specifications and performance data suggests uses in both today's—and tomorrow's—high-speed manned aircraft.

For more information on these new tested and proven valves, as well as more than 100 qualified pneumatic system components, write to Walter Kidde & Company—pioneers in aircraft pneumatic systems, and *still* first with the finest in pneumatic components!

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Operating Voltage 14-30 V.D.C.
Mounting by tubing support
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Weight .19 lbs.

Weight .19 lbs.

KIDDE VALVE #872458 (The speed demon)

Operating Fluid Dry air/nitrogen gas

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Proof Pressure 4875 psi

Burst Pressure 8125 psi minimum

Ambient Temperature Range —65°F. to +160°F.

Flow Factor 1.37

Voltage Range 18 to 30 V.D.C.

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Coil Resistance (80°F.) 21.5 to 24 ohms

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Response Time 0.018 seconds



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MAGAZINE OF WORLD ASTRONAUTICS

Bold Orion: AF Answer to Polaris

by Donald E. Perry

Washington—The Air Force has a new missile system under components test in answer to the Navy's *Polaris* concept that spells new capability for Strategic Air Command bombers.

The WS-199B, of which one version is called *Bold Orion* is under test by both Lockheed Missile Systems Division and the Baltimore Division of The Martin Company, m/r has learned exclusively.

A two-stage solid propellant, it is being designed for air-to-surface launch from existing and future SAC bombers. With a maximum range of 1,000 miles, it may be the first ballistic missile that will be controllable when reentering the atmosphere, with a choice of a primary or secondary target.

• Aloft for days—If placed on the U.S. atomic-powered missile launching platform, now under development, it will mean the Air Force can keep the missile aloft for many days in a readiness condition for immediate retaliation. Intermediate use of the missile would be on the Boeing B-52, the Convair B-58 and the chemically-powered North American B-70, when it becomes available.

Development of the missile reportedly is being pushed by General



Gen. Thomas

pushed by General Thomas D. White, Air Force chief of staff, and the service can be expected to officially announce that the system is under development soon after the first successful firing of its second stage, anticipated in the near future.

General White recently said that he felt that "real promise lies in the development of longrange airborne missiles which can be launched against targets from bomber aircraft." He said their use on chemical or nuclear powered bombers could "give us a capability to maintain a constant patrol of the free world skies," and this flexible force would be vir-

tually impossible to neutralize even with a surprise attack.

Reliable sources have informed m/r that Martin has made five successful drops of a ballistic missile from a B-47 to test first stage ignition.

Bold Orion is strikingly similar to a slimmer elongated Bullpup, a Martin development.

It can be assumed that the missile has a length of around 20 feet and a diameter of about two feet. It is first dropped in free fall by the mother aircraft. First stage ignition propels in forward and away from the launch plane, and it then arcs into a programmed ballistic trajectory.

A third-stage Grand Central rocket used on *Vanguard* reportedly is being used as the first stage of *Bold Orion*'s test vehicle. However, Thiokol Chemical Co. reportedly will furnish the first stage in the final configuration, and the Grand Central rocket will be used as the second stage.

The missile has four movable canards on its nose for control during reentry. Four tail fins probably are fixed for stability. The finished vehicle would carry a nuclear warhead, probably of megaton yield because launch from an altitude of about 40,000 feet will reduce fuel weight, providing a larger payload. Explosive and guidance probably will separate from second stage during reentry, providing a diversion for an enemy anti-missile missile.

• Probably Doppler—Guidance is probably some sort of Doppler system. If so, this could mean a radio command link from launch to first stage cutoff, and possibly another link during second stage burning to provide necessary corrections for optimum cutoff point.

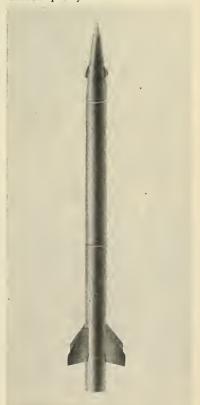
It conceivably would be command-guided from a control center—possibly in the bomb bay of the launch aircraft, until near the target at which time active or infra-red radar would take over. Guidance could also perform preprogrammed evasive action, changing from a primary to a secondary target to evade anti-missile defense. Guidance undoubtedly is an outgrowth of some of the Bell Labs work on radio-inertial systems for the *Thor* and *Titan*, or the

GE work on the Atlas radio-inertial system.

The missile undoubtedly is the successor which Air Force has mentioned for the turbo-jet powered Hound Dog. Hound Dog with its 250/500-mile maximum range and altitude maximum of over 50,000 feet is definitely limited.

With the missile's range, it has a dual capacity of either launch before penetration or of going after targets too deeply within the enemy's homeland for limited range missiles.

The dollar-volume put into Bold Orion's development to date has been small. But Air Force reportedly has assigned a high priority to its development and may be willing to commit large sums if it can be placed into production quickly.



ARTIST'S CONCEPTION of configuration of WS-199B, Bold Orion missile.



FLOURINE PROPULSION proponent John Sloop of NASA's Cleveland Research Center, confers with Fenwall's Robert Gallagher.



MAJ. GEN. H. F. TOFTOY receives James H. Wyld Memorial Award from Mrs. Wyld. Toftoy was cited for missiles development.



SPACE CAPSULES may be the conversation topic between AVCO's Arthur Kantrowitz and AF Brig. Gen. Don Flickinger.



ARS PAST President George Sutton . . . from a \$5,000 deficit at beginning of his term, he ended the year with \$50,000 profit.

Place: ARS Meeting-Subject: People

Photos by Norman L. Baker and William O. Miller



ABMA's Wernher von Braun and Captain Robert C. Truax of ARPA. At left is Dr. C. Generales, friend of von Braun.



THIOKOL AWARD was presented to F. H. Reardon of Princeton by James Gavin. H. R. Ferguson looks on.



GOODARD MEMORIAL award was presented by Mrs. Goodard to Robert B. Canright of NASA.



G. EDWARD PENDRAY gives Pendray Award to Homer Newell of NASA for his contribution to rocket research.



NEW ARS President John P. Stapp and m/r Editor Erik Bergaust discuss future of space flight at 13th annual meeting.



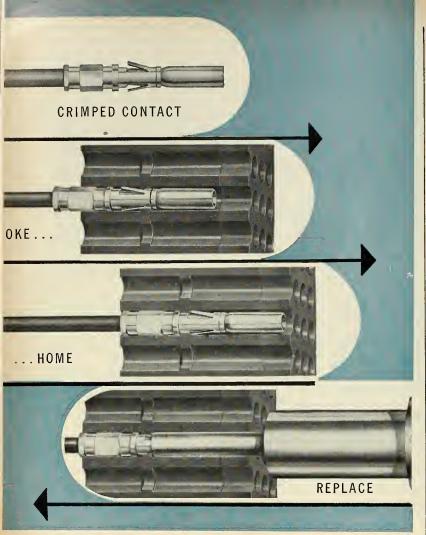
AEROJET RECEPTION was well attended. Vice-President William Gore and ARPA's Robert Truax compare notes.



ASTRONAUTICS AWARD was presented by Andrew G. Haley to Mrs. Iven Kincheloe in behalf of work of her late husband.



FINANCIER OF Goodard's work, Daniel Guggenheim and retiring ARS President George Sutton at Awards Night Banquet.



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CONCEPT COVERED BY U.S. PATENT 2.419.018

Send for full information on AMPHENOL connectors with Poke Home contacts!



ARS Session Devoted to Future Developments

NEW YORK—In addition to the frankly futuristic forecasts of passenger-carrying ballistic missiles, space post offices and dealings with life on other planets, several solid facts emerged from the recent annual gathering of American Rocket Society members at the Hotel Statler in New York:

From Roy Johnson, Director of ARPA:

That for successful anti-missile defense we need to know much more about reentry physics and how a reentering body looks; how to use tools other than radar for warning and tracking; and more about the effects of nuclear weapons against nuclear weapon.

That ARPA has started a \$100 million basic research program on anti-ICBM by tracking our own missiles at Cape Canaveral with \$60 million in contracts already let.

That for the next several years the U.S. will depend upon *Thor*, *Jupiter*, *Atlas* and *Titan* boosters; that coupled with these ARPA has authorized the contract for development of a high liquid energy fuel upper stage (30,000 to 75,000 lbs thrust) to achieve useful satellite payloads weighing up to four and five tons.

That the order given in September for the clustered engine to develop possibly one and a half million pounds thrust is being designed to use an *Atlas* or *Titan* as second stage; is expected to be test fired in the summer with launch in 1960. Object: 25,000 pound payload on moon.

That ARPA is looking toward a cluster of four or five million-pound thrust engines for space stations within the next 6-7 years.

From Lt. Gen. James M. Gavin

That there are many new technological developments in the missile industry which can be used with profit in industry. For example: translating plasma technology into thermal industrial processes; a reliable flow meter, first developed for measuring liquefied gases, which has no packings or bearings; an entire new family of plastics; heat-dissipating electrical coils; more accurate measuring devices for surveyors; jet drilling devices; and multiple industry uses of infrared.

From NASA Deputy Hugh Dryden:
That the proposed transfer of
Huntsville Army technicians to NASA
is still under discussion; that NASA
expects to use ABMA talents no matter
how the decision goes; that the trend
is toward sealed space cabins and away
from space suits.

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Papers Presented At This Year's ARS Meeting

Here are brief abstracts of technical papers presented at this year's American Rocket Society meeting in New York, November 17-21. This magazine is grateful to the American Rocket Society and the authors. Reprints of these worthwhile papers may be ordered through ARS, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York 36, N.Y.

A Rational Approach to High Performance Rocket Injector Design, I. J. Weisenberg, (674-58) Concludes that "The Kinetic approach to high performance injector design is the most desirable but is inhibited by the present state-of-the-art."

The Vaporization of Propellants in Rocket Engines, Richard J. Priem & Marcus F. Heidman, (675-58).

Vaporization Rate Limited Combustion in Bipropellant Rocket Chambers, E. Mayer, (676-58).

A Study of Combustible Mixture Formation With Liquid Fuels, Glendon Benson, M. M. El-Wakil, P. S. Myers. O. A. Uyehara, (677-58).

Psychophysiological Aspects of the Man High Experiment, Lt. Col. David G. Simons, (678-58).

Application of a New Technique for Recording Skin Resistance Changes, E. Z. Levy, G. E. Ruff, V. H. Thaler, (679-58). A summary of recent research at Aero Medical Laboratory, WADC, on measurement of skin resistance to determine fatigue.

Modifiability of Day-Night Cycling, George T. Hauty, (680-58). Deals with recycling human activity to increase efficiency as part of man-machine system.

Psychophysiological Aspects of a Multiple Crew Compartment Study, Capt. C. F. Gell (681-58). Concludes that men with good morale, discipline, training and motivation can tolerate long periods of confinement such as might be encountered in spaceflight.

Current Studies at Walter Reed, Lt. Col. Paul B. Yessler, (682-58). Deals with studies on sleep deprivation, experimentally-conditioned behavior in animals and some aspects of the neuro-endocrinological response to stress.

The Measurement of Human Adaptation to Stress, Sanford I. Cohen, A. J. Silverman, B. Shmavonian, (683-58).

The Electroencephalogram as a State-of-Consciousness Indicator Under Balloon Flight Conditions, Neil Burch, (685-58).

Combustion Research—Whence and Whither, John B. Fenn, (686-58).

Correlation and Prediction of Flame Properties, Melvin Gerstein, (687-58).

Recent Advances in Gaseous Detonation, Robert A. Gross, (688-58).

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. . . ARS abstracts

Nuclear Rocket Propulsion Program at Los Alamos, Raemer E. Scheiber, (689-58).

Some Boundary Conditions for the Use of Nuclear Energy in Rocket Propulsion, Robert W. Bussard, (690-58). Concludes that "Propellant specific impulse should be greater than 1000 sec but need not exceed 3000 sec for a useful payload capacity for most missions within the solar system."

Optimum Thrust Programming of Nuclear Rockets, Chiao J. Wang, Herbert R. Lawrence, George W. Anthony, (691-58). For a nuclear rocket of variable specific impulse, there is an optimum way of programming the thrust for a mission.

Design Considerations for Nuclear Rocket Test Stands, Sidney G. Rumbold, (692-58).

Dynamic Analysis of a Nuclear Rocket Engine System, Bernard R. Felix, (693-58).

Navy Interests in Sealed Cabins, Malcolm D. Ross, (694-58).

Sealed Cabins for Life Satellites, Lt. Col. David G. Simons & Capt. Eli L. Bleeding, (695-58).

Sealed Cabins: Advanced Research Projects Agency Views, Richard D. Holbrook, (696-58).

Sealed Cabin Requirements for Non-Military Missions, Max M. Faget & C. W. Mathews, (697-58).

Sealed Cabins: Area of Indecision, Irwin Cooper, (698-58).

Climatic and Structural Aspects of Sealed Cabins, F. L. Dickey and G. H. Knipp, (699-58). Considers advantages to the crew of an optimum internal atmosphere and pressure and the effects on a sealed cabin structure.

Accelerations of Space Flight, Col. John P. Stapp, (700-58). States that accelerations inherent in present 3-stage rocket systems are tolerable by man and could conceivably be used for manned space flight.

Sealed Cabins: Research Program, Otto Winzen.

Space Cabin Requirements as Seen by Subjects in the Space Cabin Simulator, Capt. Willard R. Hawkins, (702-58).

Psychological Aspects of Sealed Cabins, Arnold Small, (703-58).

Biothermal Aspects of Re-entry from Extra Atmosphere Flight, Earl T. Carter & M. W. Jack Bell, (704-58). Points out certain biothermal problems expected to arise during re-entry of a manned vehicle.

Air Turborocket Developments, William N. Gilmer.

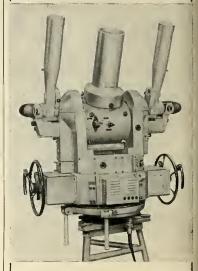
External Burning Ramjets, Gordon L. Dugger, Louis Monchick & R. H.

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missiles and rockets, December 1, 1958

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. . ARS abstracts

Cramer.

Solid Fuel Ramjet Developments,

H. Powell Jenkins, Jr.

General Behavior of Hydromagnetic Fluids, Russell M. Kulsrud, (705-58).

Aerothermodynamic and Electrical Properties of Some Gas Mixtures to Mach 20, W. Chinitz, L. Eisen, R. Gross, (706-58).

Experimental Magneto-A e r o d ynamics, Richard W. Zeimer, (707-58), Draws several conclusions, including the fact that experimental data for the stand-off distance ratio agree with theoretical predictions.

Preliminary Studies on Electrical Propulsion Systems for Space Travel.

Propulsion Systems for Space Travel, Robert Fox, (708-58). States that the problems in this field do not appear to be greater than those associated with development of modern high performance jet and rocket engines.

Magnetohydrodynamics in Aeronautics, W. R. Sears, (709-58). Notes that future applications may have to wait for new developments in other fields, such as lightweight fission or fusion prover courses.

fusion power sources.

Connecting Link to Manned Space Flight, Robert A. Cornog, (710-58).

The Geodetic Satellite, Robert P. Haviland, (711-58). Discusses uses of satellites for increasing knowledge of the earth, its shape, gravity field, etc.

The Orbital Post Office, Sidney

Metzger, (712-58).

Space Law: Recent Practical Achievements, Andrew G. Haley, (714-58)

A Preliminary Experiment with Recoverable Biological Payloads in Ballistic Rockets—Project MIA, F. L. van der Wal and W. D. Young, (715-58). Disucsses the Thor-Able program which launched mice into space.

Lockheed X-17 Test Vehicle and Its Applications, Ronald Smelt, (716-58)

Far Side Rocket Research Program, Herbert L. Karsch, (717-58). Discusses the program which developed an important technique in less than one year for less than one million dollars.

Explorer Rocket Research Program, Geoffry Robillard, (718-58).

Vanguard Research Rocket Program, Milton Rosen, (719-58).

NASA Research Rocket Program, A. O. Tischler, (720-58).

Reduction of Flight Time and Propellant Requirements of Satellites with Electric Propulsion by the Use of Stored Electrical Energy, Morton Camac, (721-58).

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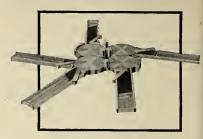
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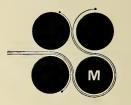
It's a proven fact... that of the total work necessary to put a missile into the air, a staggering 90% is primarily logistical and involves the control of many individual maintenance parts. This figure becomes compounded as the number of inactive, but ready-to-fire missiles increases . . . and keeping track of their individual needs becomes a herculean task.

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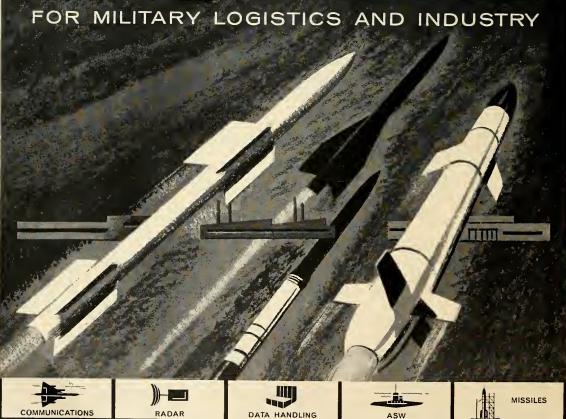


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Government and Industrial Division

. FORT WAYNE, IND.

of Satellite Attitude Motions, Robert Roberson, (722-58).

Composite Trajectories Yielding Maximum Coasting Apogee Velocity, Stanley Ross, (723-58).

Electric Arc Gas Heaters for Re-Entry Simulation and Space Propulsion, Thomas R. Brogan, (724-58). Describes the development and calibration of an arc-powered wind tunnel designed to provide steady flow simulation of the conditions encountered during re-entry.

Missile Control Systems, D. T. Sigley, W. Hostetler & E. W. Ford, (725-58).

An Approach to Predetermination of Reliability, P. F. Winternitz & L. V. Toralballa, (726-58).

A Servo System for an Air Bearing Gyro Stabilized Platform, R. C. Martin, (727-58).

Matching Auxiliary Power Supplies with Missile Control Requirements, H. J. Howard, (728-58). Discusses means of selecting an auxiliary power supply best fitting needs of a typical missile control system.

Some Structural Aspects of Orbital Flight, George Gerard, (729-58).

Brazed Sandwich Structures for Missiles and Space Vehicles, Richard S. Mueller & George D. Cremer, (730-58). Purpose is to apprise today's capabilities in the field of braze joining, with emphasis on high-temperature, corrosion-resistant brazing applications.

Buckling of Unstiffened Thin-Walled Cylindrical Shells Subjected to Various Loading Conditions with and without Internal Pressure, Bertram Klein, (731-58). Reliable and simple design curves are presented for determining the allowable buckling stresses of the subject structures.

Structural Considerations of Manned Space Vehicles, Anthony P. Coppa, (732-58). Gives approaches leading to an optimum vehicle, considering the requirements of thermodynamic and human factors, in addition to structures.

Structures for Space Craft, Paul E. Sandorff, (733-58).

Contour Nozzles, Ellis M. Landsbaum, (734-58).

General Technical Report on the Experimental Liquid-Propelled Rocket, The DREX-3, Charles R. Meldum, (739-58). Analyzes mechanical operation and component structure of the experimental rocket built at the University of Detroit.

Inertial Guidance, Bert W. Hilburger, (741-58). Consists of a brief resumé of the subject, as it exists to-

This is one of a series of professionally informative messages on RCA Moorestown and the Ballistic Missile Early Warning System.

BMEWS AND THE PROJECT ENGINEER

Time, money and the achievement of performance specifications are the three dimensions in the world of the Project Engineer. Scheduling, cost control and technical accountability . . . these are grave responsibilities on any engineering program involving the national security. On BMEWS, with its objective of early warning against enemy missile attack, they comprise the most sensitive of engineering assignments, anywhere.

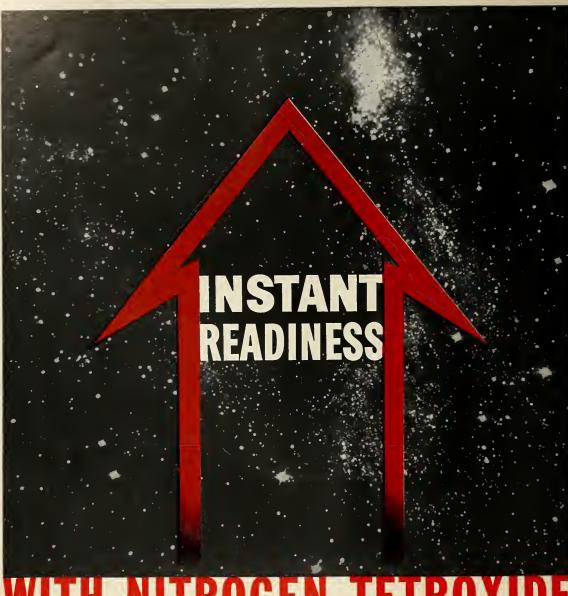
The Project Engineer assigned to BMEWS is a business-scientist who has a proven record of accomplishment in the creative engineering of electronic systems and who has the interest and acumen to view this work with a management posture. He is also a scientist with the significant trust of defining the interfaces of delicate personal and group relationships. This talent must be especially refined in the BMEWS Project Engineer, for BMEWS employs the multiform facilities and personnel of not only RCA Moorestown, the weapon system manager, but also of several other major corporations whose BMEWS effort is coordinated by RCA.

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Industry is pioneering new methods to form better steel alloys in casings to advance solid propellant missiles beyond present state of the art.

Motor Development Depends on Alloys

by Norman L. Baker

Washington—The rate of advancement of U.S. large solid propellant ballistic missiles is currently controlled by the state of the art in motor materials development. This control will continue to exist until major improvements have been made in materials, motor unit design, and fabricating techniques.

Basically the problem is one of improving the quality of current steel alloys and finding new and better methods of forming and fabricating. In the past, such problems were the responsibility of our large steel industry. But here is where the real problem begins. The tonnage of steel currently required for the nation's entire missile program apparently is too small to secure the sincere research interests of the steel industry. Therefore, responsibility has been placed on the smaller metal working firms, many with years

of experience in light-walled high pressure vessels.

- Large grain development—For example, Thiokol Chemical Corp., for many months has been engaged in a development program directed toward achieving motor chamber designs of the lightest possible weights for the Minuteman, Pershing and Polaris weapons systems. Thiokol has called upon several organizations that have in the past contributed greatly to the current state of the art in case manufacture. Some of these companies are:
- Borg Warner Corp., Ingersoll-Kalamazoo Division
 - 2) M. W. Kellogg Co.
 - 3) Excelco Developments, Inc.
- 4) Jet Division, Thompson Products, Inc.
 - 5) Diversey Engineering Co.

- 6) Scaife Co.
- 7) Curtiss-Wright
- 8) Solar Aircraft

During this development program large diameter motor cases of 28, 31, 54, 60, 62, and 70 inches have been rigorously analyzed. Surveys of existing materials have disclosed that steel, formulated specifically for high yield strength casings is not readily available. It was found that hot-work-die steels closely approximate the properties and requirements but demand highly refined techniques of metal manufacturing and fabrication.

Recent developments indicate a successful solution to the fabrication problem on a small scale, although a major effort will be needed before these techniques can be incorporated into a practical and reliable production



COMPLETED SOLID PROPELLANT motor case for the Nike-Hercules sustainer at the Scaife Co. plant. In background is 1500-tone hydraulic press for deep-drawing.



FORWARD THRUST ATTACHMENT of Matador TM-76 booster is jigged for insertion into the fixture in special drill pit. Fixture assures proper bolt alignment.

NOTABLE ACHIEVEMENTS AT JPL ...



PIONEERS IN MOBILE MISSILE SYSTEMS

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permits the weapon to be unloaded from airplanes or landing craft and be ready for firing with a minimum of preparation.

The system concept demonstrated in the "Sergeant" has permitted excellent mobility and speed of operation to be attained. The requirements of the Army have been stressed, resulting in outstand-

ing characteristics of the weapon meriting the title of "America's first truly 'second generation' surface-to-surface tactical missile."

The responsibility for accomplishing this important achievement has been placed on JPL by the United States Army Ordnance Missile Command,



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Several methods of fabrication are being investigated. Each method has required a materials evaluation program to select the steel that can be most efficiently adapted to the method of fabrication. The most promising methods are roll-and-weld, deep-draw, power-spin, helical-weld, vacuum-weld and strip or ribbon spiral-wrap.

One of the firms working under Thiokol subcontract that has been selected to conduct further development efforts on a concurrent basis is the Scaife Co. of Oakmont, Penna.

Scaife, a pioneer in the development of deep-drawn motor cases, has maintained a multiple metal working fellowship at the Mellon Institute in Pittsburgh, assuring an unusual and highly competitive position in the field of advanced metal parts processing and development techniques. It was recently reported (m/r, Nov. 17, p. 9) that Mellon Institute had fabricated rocket motor cases that were tested to a yield strength of over 225,000 psi. The Air Force and Navy are asking for Minuteman and Polaris motor cases with yield strengths from 210,000 to 240,000 psi.

• Material requirements—Current missiles have solid propellant motor cases fabricated from steels comparable to AISI-4100 to yield strengths up to 160,000 psi. The larger casings for the Minuteman and Polaris have demanded a great reduction in the weight of the

casing wall and metal parts (nozzle, heads, rings, etc.). This requirement has made it mandatory that high strength steels such as AISI-4340 or H-11 hot work tool steels be incorporated as motor material.

Experience with the production of Hawk, Nike-Hercules, and Matador motor cases has enabled Scaife to participate in the current development of the large grain motor bodies for IRBMs and ICBMs. The production of the smaller motor cases required the use of deep-draw, hot and cold spinning, hot extrusion, cold sizing, automatic and semi-automatic inert shielded arc welding and heat treating to strength levels in excess of 200,000 psi. The same techniques were employed in the construction of motor cases and other components of the Polaris-B missile system. This case was 38 inches in diameter.

Scaife is currently engaged in the development of wall motor cases for an operational long range solid propellant ballistic missile. The program is employing the techniques of deep-draw and helical weld while a parallel program is employing the helical welded case construction.

The deep-draw program involves the evaluation and development of suitable high strength materials, specifications for the materials, and the establishment of forming techniques for the side walls, head, and aft end. The



DEEP-DRAWN Falcon motor case being oil-quenched before heat treating operation.

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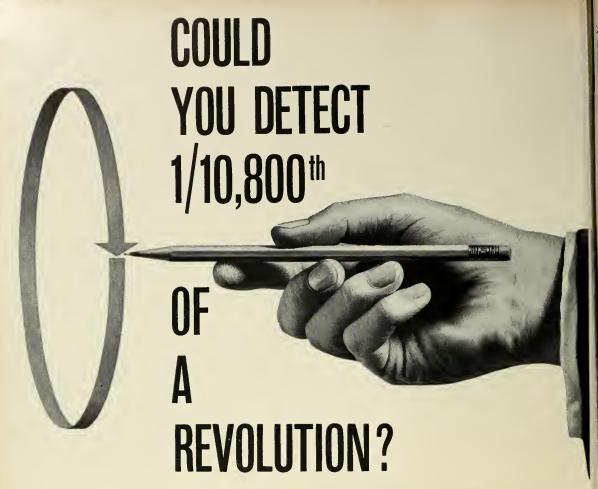
4PDT units, they offer an extremely broad range of performance characteristics, including temperature ranges from —65° C. to 125° and 200° C.; ratings to 10 A., 120 V., A. C., and 26½ V., D. C., with special ratings to 400 ma. at 350 V., D. C., or down to milliootts and milliamperes. Dry and wet circuits may be safely inter-mixed.

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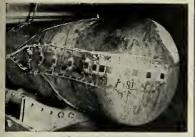
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. motor materials



TESTING of high-yield strength deepdrawn motor case using strain gauges.

assembly of these components by a welding operation has received a parallel development effort.

Scaife, with present machinery, can deep draw cases up to 56 inches in diameter and 42 inches in length. The dimensions can be exceeded by modification of the existing machinery according to company officials. If the diameter does not exceed 56 inches, length of the motor units can be increased simply by butt-welding the drawn cylinders.

• Deep-draw technique—In the deep-draw process, a circular sheet of metal is pressed and drawn into a seamless cylindrical cup with the side wall thickness held to within a very few thousands. Two of the cups are then machined to the desired length and butt-welded. If a greater length—than can be obtained with two cups—is required, the spherical end of as many cups as needed is trimmed off and the open tube is welded into place. The joined case is then heat treated to the desired strength level.

The assembly is again machined and certain non-pressure components are attached. The completed unit is given a special treatment to protect it against hydrogen-embrittlement after the final machining. During testing, strain gauges are attached to various sections of the case to determine the magnitude and distribution of stresses. Finally, the case is subjected to a hydrostatic test.

Although the large (1500 and 750 ton) hydraulic deep-draw presses are the most outstanding pieces of equipment in Scaife's manufacturing facilities, the rest of the production layout reflects a highly specialized and diversified production capability. Equipment includes blanking and forming presses; planers, lathes, milling and other machine tools; shot and sandblast; pickling and cleaning; welding; heat treating; and forging and extrusion equipment.

Six categories of research are also carried on by Scaife.

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Must be able to analyze missile configuration to determine aerodynamic performance and stability and control characteristics.

For information on these and other engineering positions, write:

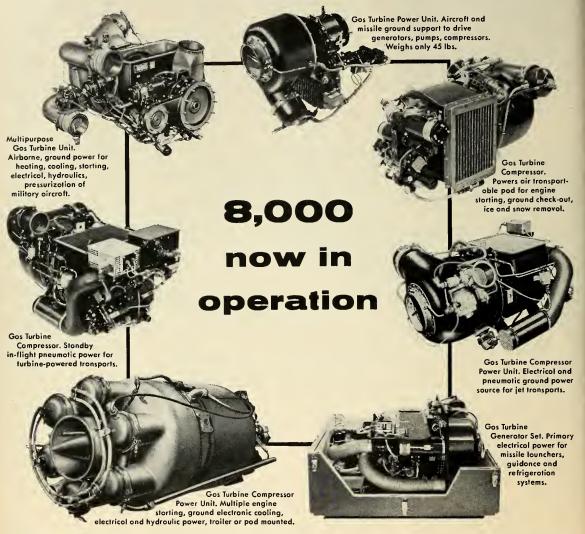
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missile electronics

New Concept In Data Handling Equipment

Telemetering units developed by Applied Science Corp. analyze data before transmission to ground equipment.

by Raymond M. Nolan

PRINCETON, N. J. — Telemetering equipment employing a new and advanced concept of statistical data handling has been developed by the Applied Science Corporation of Princeton (ASCOP).

The new equipment promises more efficient handling of data on missile and aircraft performance by statistically analyzing the data and extracting its significant information content for transmission, recording and analysis.

Principal advantages offered are conservation of telemetering bandwidth, reduction in the weight-to-data ratio of airborne equipment and a marked decrease in data reduction and processing time.

The first units of this statistical data handling line are small, light, solid state airborne devices for analyzing high-frequency (vibration-produced) random data.

Since the outputs of the devices are essentially low frequency, slowly varying information content in standard IRIG D.C. signal form, the analyzed data can be transmitted by any standard telemetry system, such as PWM/FM or PAM/FM/FM etc., with resulting saving of bandwidth.

In addition, the new statistical devices save weight by reducing the required number of high-frequency, multi-transmitter installations in an airborne vehicle. Data reaches the ground in pre-analyzed, meaningful form. In many cases, no further computation or processing is necessary.

The three airborne devices are:

Airborne Spectrum Analyzer—Transistorized models weigh less than 7 ounces and occupy less than 25 cubic inches. The analyzer will accept 5-volt peak random time-history signals covering the band from 1 to 10,000 cps. and convert them into an output X-Y plot where the X-coordinate is proportional to the frequency and the Y-coordinate is proportional to power.

The output is a standard IRIG 0-5V. The analyzer is a swept type where a narrow bandpass filter is used to divide the frequency bandwidth of the input signal into equal intervals.

Amplitude Probability Analyzer—Fully transistorized models of this analyzer occupy only 20 cubic inches. The analyzer will handle random signal inputs with an amplitude range of -2.5V to 2.5V and a frequency range of 5 cps. to 25 kc. It provides an output of amplitude plotted against the probability that a given amplitude will appear in the random signal.

The output is in the form of standard IRIG 0-5V. The analyzer is basically a swept type which sweeps an "aperture" across the signal amplitude and analyzes the amplitude content at each level.

Time-of-Occurrence-Marker—The marker weighs 3 ounces and occupies 3 cubic inches. Although the marker is not in itself a statistical analyzer, it is an important member of the statistical data handling line because of its ability to accurately pinpoint occurrences such as transient phenomena, exceeding of limits etc.

The marker maintains an output signal of 5V minimum until it is actuated by a switch closure, transient, exceeding of limits etc. Then the output becomes a highly linear ramp function that starts from 0V at the instant the event occurs and rises back to the 5V minimum. By inspection of the ramp, the instant at which an event occurred can be determined with great accuracy.

ASCOP has also developed a larger, ground-based statistical unit which is known as a Transfer Function Computer.

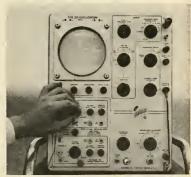
Transfer Function Computer— The computer is a valuable tool



COMBINED SPECTRUM and amplitude probability analyzer, part of equipment.



TIME-OF-OCCURRENCE marker used with Statistical Data Handling Equipment.



SCOPE SHOWS output of spectrum analyzer, power vs. frequency, 4-second sweep.

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The building block design concept gives the new centrifuges exceptional flexibility. Machines are assembled from six basic off-the-shelf components; drive system, drive motor, boom, test compartment, console and accessories. You simply select components which provide features needed to meet your specific requirements. Interchangeability of the components permits easy modification as requirements change. Kits are available for modification by the customer.

This new design concept also results in manufacturing economies which are reflected in the cost of the machines. The new machines are the lowest priced centrifuges now available—in spite of their greater accuracy, flexibility and capacity. Ask your Genisco representative for complete information today.

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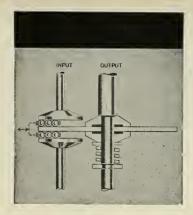
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brief performance specifications



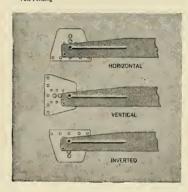
	Model No.	Diameter	Test Object Weight	Capacity G-pounds	RPM Max.	G-Range Max.	Test Object Dimen- sions
	A-1010	30" table	50 lbs. dead weight	2,500	800	.1 to 200 g's	
	A-1020	60" arm	100 lb. dead weight	10,000	600	.1 to 250 g's	12" cube
	A-1030	96"arm	100 lb. dead weight	10,000	400	.1 to 175 g's	18"cube

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*Pat. Pending



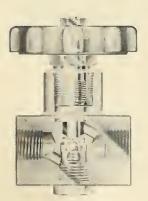
Basket-type mounting platforms, available on Model A-1020 and A-1030, may be oriented from the horizontal to the vertical or to the inverted attitude for multiple-axis testing without demounting the test object. Baskets may be raised or lowered to achieve an optimum dynamic balance and minimum angular deflections when extreme accuracies are required. When the basket is inverted the outside surface of the platform may be used to mount bulky, lightweight packages.

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for determining the relationship between random noise-like input and output signals, such as the exact roles different phenomena play in affecting the final vibration of a missile or aircraft member. Various packaging arrangements are available, including standard rack and chassis construction.

The computer will handle noiselike signals containing frequency components from 0.1 cps, to 15 KC at a normal input voltage of 1V RMS. Its three identical spectrum analyzers and analog computer circuitry produce an amplitude and phase relationship between the two signals under analysis for all frequencies of interest. This can be plotted in several ways. For example, an X-Y plotter can generate a family of vectors, with one vector for each frequency of measurement. The resulting graph shows the amplitude and phase of the vectors.

The first pre-production units of the airborne devices are scheduled for delivery to customers in January, 1959.

The ASCOP development program is based on the fact that most high frequency data encountered in missiles is of the random nature. As such, it can be analyzed to give low frequency, slowly varying results, such as power frequency spectra, amplitude-probability distribution and correlations between various functions.

These are the same results which are now sought by time-consuming, costly analysis and computation of time-history plots transmitted to the ground, at a high cost of airborne transmission equipment and valuable bandwidth.

Other statistical data-handling devices, including a cross correlation computer, are currently under development. The ASCOP statistical data handling program has been backed by contract support from three leading military missile agencies.

Fairchild Semiconductor Corp. Expands R&D

PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA—Fairchild Semiconductor Corp. announced construction of a new 65,000 square foot plant facility in nearby Mountain View to provide expanded space for production research and projects in new semiconductor materials and parametric amplification.

Occupancy of the new million dollar manufacturing plant is planned for May 1, at which time the present 20,-000 square foot facility at Palo Alto will be devoted to expanded research expected to result in greatly improved performance in long range surveillance radar, transmitters for space vehicles and very high speed electronic computers.

According to Dr. Robert Noyce, director of research, new materials being explored for possible use include the intermetallic compounds.

"Because of the variety of properties of these materials that may be tailored to a specific application, they have promise of extending the range of applicability of transistors to higher temperatures and higher frequencies as well as introducing semi-conductor devices operating on new principles," he stated.

"Parametric amplifiers using semiconductor diodes have given low noise performance at microwave frequencies, and, as a result are expected to find wide applicability in radar and communications," Dr. Noyce added.

Until completion of the new plant, production of present products is being handled at Palo Alto. By the end of 1959, Fairchild Semiconductor expects to have a total of 650 employees.

Camera Pick-up Tube "Heart" of New Telescope

The heart of a new opto-electronic telescope, developed by the U.S. Air Force, is a new camera pick-up tube, perfected by the Westinghouse Electric Corporation's electronic tube division, Elmira, N.Y. This new tube is three to four times more sensitive to white light than tubes previously used for telescopes. Because it is particularly sensitive to longer wave lengths in the spectrum from yellow to red, the Westinghouse tube can produce daylight pictures of the moon and planets never before possible.

The opto-electronic systems was conceived by Radames K. H. Gebel, a civilian scientist at the Wright Air Development Center's Aeronautical Research Laboratory in Dayton, Ohio. It is now in operation in the Weaver Observatory at Wittenberg College in Springfield.

Gebel and Dr. Lloyd Wylie, professor of astronomy at Wittenberg College, have already used the telescope to produce a composite photograph of the full moon which is made up of more than 200 separate pictures. Forty inches in diameter, the composite picture shows details invisible to ordinary photography methods. For example, the rays of the crater Tycho cannot usually be seen at full moon, but are readily distinguishable with the telescope employing the new Westinghouse tube.

Another advantage in getting a dict view of the full moon. Gebel



Shown 1/18 actual size

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Shown here are a few shapes, shells and missile components produced at production-line speed by *Hackney Deep Drawing Methods*. They were designed to reduce weight without sacrificing strength, save production or assembly time, and lower costs.

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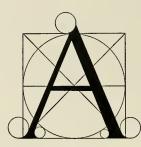
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. . . missile electronics

points out, is the freedom from distortion that goes with photographing at oblique angles. In the past, pictures have had to be taken when the moon's lighting was oblique so that shadows would produce sufficient contrast.

The opto-electronic telescope operates essentially as a closed circuit television system. Images picked up through the telescope are transformed into electrical impulses by the camera tube, and are made visible on a cathode ray tube after passing through a video amplifier. Photographs are then made from the face of the picture tube.

New RCA Unit Formed for Advanced Research Studies

A new high-level scientific and technical organization known as Advanced Military Systems has been established by RCA to create and develop new and advanced weapon system concepts, Arthur L. Malcarney, executive vice-president, RCA Defense Electronic Products, announced recently.

Describing the purpose and function of Advanced Military Systems,

Malcarney said:

"The creation of modern weapons in the new age of missiles and space technology, has become more and more a matter of conceiving and developing intricate technical systems. These draw upon our advanced scientific technology and require the highest calibre of engineering skill. In line with this trend, and in view of its current responsibilities as a major contributor to our national security, RCA has formed Advanced Military Systems to 'spearhead' studies leading to the creation of new, complex and ever more effective weapons systems.

"This group is the culmination of many years of evolution in the field of systems engineering at RCA. The philosophy of conceiving and delineating complex military systems has been tested and proven on such programs as Ballistic Missile Early Warning System, airborne fire control, long range communications, and Land Based

Talos.

"The objectives of the group will be first to determine the need for specific types of systems to meet specific requirements, and then to originate detailed proposals or 'blueprints' upon which such systems may be based.

"We feel that the organization of Advanced Military Systems, added to the extensive scientific and technical resources already possessed by RCA in its various divisions, will prove to be of major importance to the ad-

vancement of our technology and the maintenance of national superiority in offensive and defensive weapons systems during the years to come."

Malcarney pointed out that the new group will function in close cooperation with all segments of RCA engaged in defense work, including the RCA Laboratories.

Lockheed Develops New Energy Conversion Method

SUNNYVALE, CALIF., Nov. 17—A method for converting chemical energy directly into electrical power, which could make quite a change in conventional propulsion systems, is in advanced development at Lockheed Missile Systems division laboratories.

L. Eugene Root, Lockheed vice president and general manager of the missile division, today described a "fuel cell" on which Lockheed scientists are working which has attained high efficiencies in electrochemical conversion.

He said that Dr. Morris Eisenberg, who is directing work on fuel cells, "has repeatedly achieved in laboratory experiments almost 100% of "fuel" utilization and energy conversion efficiencies of 70% or better."

This compares with a steam engine



SCIENTIST IN Lockheed Missile Systems division's electrochemical laboratory, demonstrates how a fuel cell converts energy directly into electrical energy to power motor which spins plastic disc.

which has a conversion efficiency of 35 per cent and an internal combustion engine which is even less efficient.

Eisenberg predicted that a fuel cell which would "yield sufficient energy for powering an auto or even a plane could be developed within five years."

Eisenberg said some of the other possible applications, both scientific and commercial, include providing power sources for:

Communications systems and other internal equipment in a spacecraft requiring a long-lasting power supply.

Operation of scanning and recording equipment in such scientific space projects as lunar probes.

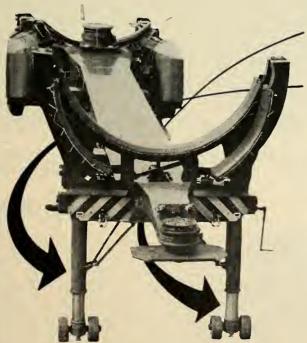
Comparing the fuel cell with the lead acid battery, Eisenberg explained that the basic difference is that in the battery the active materials are inside the case.

"In the fuel cell the electrochemical fuel is stored outside so the components of the cell are not consumed in the electrode reactions," he said.

Energy produced by electrochemical reaction is measured in watt hours per pound of total weight. An automobile battery, for instance, yields between 8 to 10 watt-hours per pound.

By way of contrast, Eisenberg said, a fuel cell presently being developed is designed to produce 100 watt-hours per pound and predicted that one of 300 watt-hours could be developed within five years.

"Even a 150-watt-hour-per-pound cell would produce enough energy to power every type of aircraft or space-



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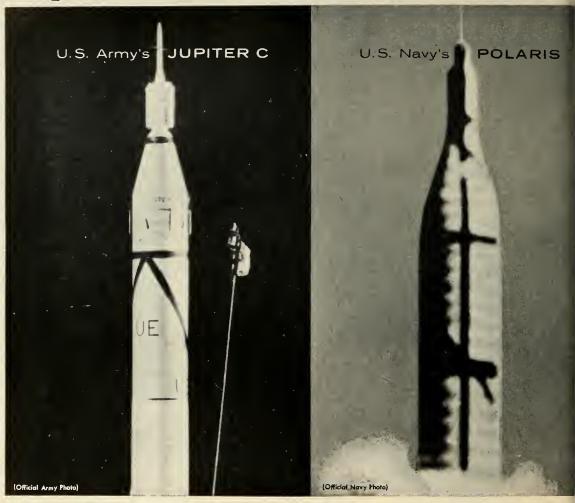
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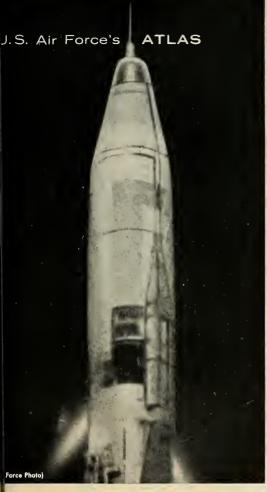
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craft and to provide power for communication in satellites and space vehicles," he declared.

As to the possibility of the fuel cell replacing the internal combustion engine in automobiles, Eisenberg said it would take only an 80 watt-hour-perpound cell to excite Detroit's automotive engineers and designers.

Major advantages of the fuel cell, according to Eisenberg, include long operating life, adaptability to both large and small-scale applications, no noise or fumes and ease of maintenance since there are few moving parts.

Miniature Tape Recorder Stores 3 Million 'Bits'



PALO ALTO, CALIF.—A tiny rugged tape recorder capable of storing three million pieces of scientific data as it travels through outer space, has been developed at Lockheed Missile Systems division's research laboratory

Small enough to be held in one hand, the unit answers the need for a lightweight versatile communication unit for scientific space missions,

Mark Siera, research scientist in Lockheed's telecommunications department, who developed the AMR-100 (for Airborne Magnetic Recorder) said it is a valuable piece of equipment for lunar probes, manned and unmanned spacecraft, and for interplanetary vehicles.

It can record and store vital data of the universe during long intervals when an interplanetary spacecraft is out of direct radio contact with the earth and then transmit it at an accelerated rate on a command signal when the vehicle returns to within range of the earth's listening posts. It can unload its accumulated information in one-sixth the time it takes to record it.

The recorder has survived simulated rocket launches of 50 times the force of gravity, the Lockheed scientist said.

The compact unit, weighing only eight pounds and measuring nine inches long, five inches high and 4½ inches wide, is one-third smaller than existing recorders with the same capacity. It can function at unlimited altitudes and in any position or axis.

An unusual Lockheed-developed feature, now being patented, is an easily changeable cartridge containing a 600-foot endless loop tape which records two tracks of information simultaneously.

Data is accepted periodically on command and reproduced at six times the recording speed upon another command.

"For instance," Siera said, "48 minutes of continuous recording can be reproduced within eight minutes. The tape can be started or stopped in a fraction of a second, thereby keeping wasted tape footage to a minimum."

The instant after the recorder unloads its data via telemetry to a ground station, it is immediately ready to begin storing new information.

Another feature of the device is the low power input required to operate it. Fully transistorized, only 10 watts is needed for the entire electronics system. In addition, the system is designed so that the power is turned on only when the recorder is in actual operation.

EIA Workshop to Cover Proprietary Information

A one-day workship on proprietary information will precede the Electronic Industries Associations winter quarterly conference in New York City December 2-4.

Sponsored by the association's Patents and Copyrights Committee, Military Relations Department, the workshop will examine practical approaches for handling proprietary information under government contracts to protect the contractor while meeting the government's needs for second source information, and adequate data for maintenance and repair.

"Proprietary information and its relation to work under government contracts has been a difficult problem," said workshop chairman Elmer J. Gorn of Raytheon. "Few companies appear to have developed a practical set of policies and practices which can serve as a day-to-day guide."

The four-session workshop study







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Flight Test Operations B.S. in A.E., M.E. or E.E. with 5 years' experience in missile flight test operations for blockhouse, countdown and launching activities. Liaison with the military is an important part of the assignment.

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■ For Information regarding these and other related positions, please write: Research and Development Staff, Dept, 2211, 962 W. El Camino Real, Sunnyvale, California.



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. . . missile electronics

will deal with these aspects of the problem: a definition of proprietary information, headed by Robert V. Faragher of RCA; an interpretation in practical terms of the recently issued Part 2 of ASPR IX (Technical data), under Ben Edelman of Westinghouse; preparation for contract negotiations involving PI, headed by Roe McBurnett of General Electric, and techniques for monitoring the handling of proprietary information within the contractor's organization, headed by committee chairman Gorn.

What the new Defense Education Act will mean to the electronics industry will be detailed at a luncheon December 3 by U.S. Assistant Commissioner of Education for Research, Dr. Roy Hall.

The following legislation, due to come before the new Congress which convenes in January, will be taken up by committees at the conference:

—The Saltonstall bill which would extend the weapon system concept to all large military systems and exempt incentive fixed-price contracts from renegotiation. Questionnaires have gone out to the members of the Systems Management Committee to assess the effect of the weapon system concept on small business and its effect on management efficiency.

—Indemnification legislation which would permit the Defense Department to insure its contractors against unusually hazardous risks. Although similar legislation was introduced in the last session of Congress, it was not reported out of committee in time for action before adjournment.

—Renewal of the Renegotiation Act.

Talos Shown in New York at Electronics Exhibit

The supersonic, surface-to-air *Talos* missile is the top attraction at a new display of electronics developments recently unveiled at RCA Exhibition Hall in New York City.

The exhibit features both new major defense and consumer electronic products. It includes a basic-relief map of the 5,000-mile Atlantic Missile Range—from Cape Canaveral to Ascension Island in the South Atlantic, and a miniature model of the FPS-16 missile-tracking radar system.

Talos, built by Bendix Aviation Co. is used on Navy warships.

The missile was hoisted by derrick through an exhibition hall window, in two sections: The booster, 10 feet

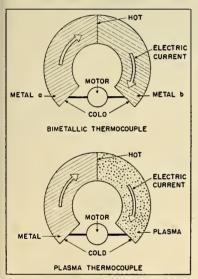
long and 30 inches in diameter, weighing 1,000 pounds is a solid fuel rocket

which is jettisoned after propelling the warhead section faster than a bullet. The warhead section—is 20 feet long, weighs 2,000 pounds, and when in use, contains a 40,000-horsepower ramjet engine.

Plasma Thermocouple Developed at Los Alamos

A plasma thermocouple, which can convert nuclear reactor heat directly into electricity to power instruments in artificial satellites has been developed by the Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory. The new generator which has no moving parts, is expected to be the forerunner of a nuclear reactor-plasma thermopile which would produce electricity through atomic fission.

Developers of the new generator, who are currently working on tests



SKETCHES SHOW the essential differences between two kinds of thermocouples.

for the thermopile, are G. M. Grover, William Ranken, D. J. Roehling, E. W. Salmi and R. W. Pidd, consultants to the laboratory from the University of Michigan. Theoretical analysis of the plasma thermocouple was developed by laboratory consultants, J. R. Reitz of Case Institute and H. W. Lewis of the University of Wisconsin.

The new thermocouple uses an electric plasma—a "fourth state of matter." While thermocouples usually use two kinds of metal fused together, this one uses only one. The other is replaced by the plasma, an ionized gas.

In addition to its use in satellites, other applications include interplanetary propulsion and current for con-

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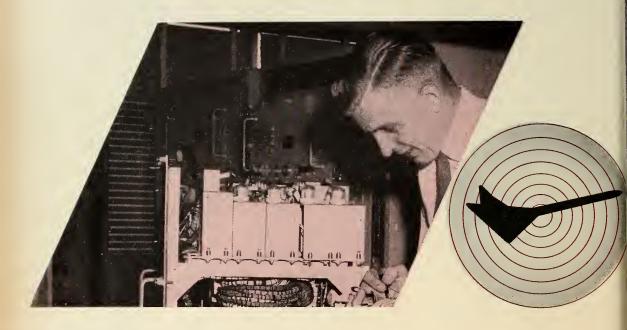
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PACKAGING ENGINEER to undertake development and design of packaging techniques and mechanical design of electronic equipment; to investigate temperature effects on packaging; to offer design support to computer, radar, and inertial development groups; to analyze present and proposed packaging design and recommend improvements.

Qualifications: B.S. in E.E. or M.E. and experi-

ence or advanced knowledge in latest electronic packaging techniques.

RADAR ENGINEER to analyze ultimate limits of present techniques and develop new concepts of providing topographical sensors for advanced airborne and space systems; to design airborne radar pulse, microwave and deflection circuitry, to analyze doppler radar systems in order to determine theoretical accuracy and performance limitations.

Qualifications: B.S. or Advanced Degree in E.E. and 3 to 5 years' experience in radar systems development, including display equipment and circuits, control consoles, and doppler or search radar design.

CIRCUIT ENGINEER to undertake advanced circuit design based on transistor-diode logic for digital systems; to review new circuits for appli-

cation in digital control systems; to define bas techniques for improving performance characte istics; to participate in advanced analytical stuies associated with application of transisto circuitry to pulse and digital systems.

Qualifications: B.S. or Advanced Degree in E.I. and 2 years' experience with pulse circuitry transistor circuit design or digital techniques.

GROUND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT ENGINEER that assist in planning complete ground suppol equipment, including flight line, shop and depended equipment, for an advanced airborne weapon system. Must be experienced in development that the equipment for automatic checkout of complex weapons systems, including computers radar, and inertial equipment.

Qualifications: B.S. or Advanced Degree in E.E or related fields and 3 years' experience in developing ground support equipment.

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MILITARY PRODUCTS DIVISION

missiles and rockets, December 1, 1958

. . . missile electronics

Science Information Meeting **Explores Automation**

WASHINGTON, D.C.—The problem of the storage and retrieval of scientific information was explored by specialists from more than a dozen countries at an International Conference on Scientific Information, held in Washington, D.C., November 16-31, under the sponsorship of the National Academy of Sciences—National Research Council, National Science Foundation, and American Documentation Institute.

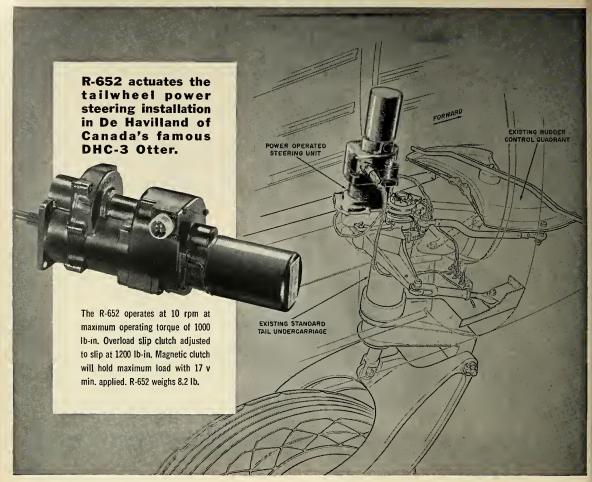
Without convenient and rapid access to data from previous research, scientific progress is impeded. Under ideal circumstances, all such data is first published in full for workers in the immediate field; then abstracted for dissemination; indexed, codified, microfilmed or otherwise processed for storage; and, finally, retrieved in library search.

During recent years, however, the outpouring of data has all but overwhelmed the thin brigade of abstracters, indexers and other information specialists trained for the task. Quite simply, more scientific information is being produced that can effectively be stored and retrieved, and that body of information is said to be doubling every ten years.

Since the nature and scope of the problem was first examined formally by the Royal Society of London in 1948 and Unesco in 1949, various solutions have been offered-including many ingenious proposals for the use of mechanical and electronic aids in the preparation of material for storage and retrieval. Some of these methods have already been put to use and were described at the conference; others, such as mechanical devices for translating and abstracting, are still in the design or conjectural stages.

Although there is some controversy over the most promising solutions to the problem of storage and retrieval, there is little disagreement about its magnitude. At the present time, many investigators find it less expensive to conduct laboratory experiments anew than to search for previously reported data.

The conference program—which had been three years in preparationincluded discussions of the kind of information scientists need, the effectiveness of present-day systems for organizing information, intellectual and mechanical problems encountered in the development of new systems, the search for a general theory, and finally a consideration of the responsibilities of government, professional societies, universities and industry.



Drawing courtesy De Havilland Aircraft of Canada, Ltd.

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astrionics



by Raymond M. Nolan

Competition is getting hotter in the *Dart* replacement battle. Latest word is that Vickers is flying 25 of their 891 missiles and several technicians over so that evaluation can start. If the 891 is chosen, the only change from the present bird will be in electronics. Circuitry will be redesigned to use American transistors to ease maintenance problems.

Army Ordnance still says that the SS10 or SS11 will be the replacement, but people close to the situation claim that these missiles would wind up the same way as the Dart because "the Dart specification is impossible to meet." Vickers does not claim that the 891 can fill the spec—but it will do the job wanted—a lightweight hand-carried anti-tank missile, easy to set up and simple to operate for its one-man infantry crew.

There is still another contender though—the German-developed Kobra. Even though Pentagon officials say that the Kobra is "a dead item," don't discount this entry. The control system which reportedly made the U.S. shy away may be due for a change. Reports are that the Germans are now dickering with Vickers for the rights to the 891 control system for installation on the Kobra.

At any rate, it should be an interesting battle. But while it rages on, no development work or planning for this important weapon is in progress. It seems as though an early decision should be made if the new battle mobility concept of the Army is to proceed along planned lines.

Dr. Nicolass Bioembergen, professor of physics at Harvard's Cruft Lab brought down the house at the recent NSIA ARDC-sponsored Molecular Electronics Symposium when he showed a slide of the radio telescope at the Naval Research Laboratory and said, "anyone who can afford a dish like this, can't afford not to use a MASER with it."

Dr. Bloembergen also described a new traveling wave MASER developed by Bell Labs. Performance is: forward gain, 23 db; backward attenuation, 29 db; tunable range, 5.8 to 6.1 kmc; bandwidth, 23 mc; and a noise temperature of 8 degrees K. The MASER uses a low-chrome pink ruby forward and a high-chrome red ruby backward with garnet slated to replace the red ruby. Pumping is 100 mw at K-band with 0.1 mw into the paramagnetic materials.

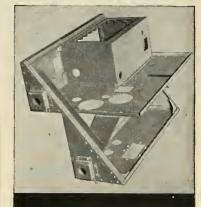
Another development reported was a ruby MASER working at 77 degrees K at the Royal Radar Station in Great Malvern, England. The noise isn't too good, but is an improvement over existing systems.

However, Dean Harvey Brooks of Harvard's School of Engineering stated in a talk on the same program that he did not see much possibility in solid state MASERs at room temperature.

At any rate, you can expect to see more and more interest in molecular electronics as various NASA and DOD space programs shape up. It is generally conceded that it is far easier to use MASER's in the receiving apparatus than to attempt building transmitters into the space craft large enough to overcome galactic noise. Size and operating temperatures are a problem but can be overcome fairly easily in ground installations.

And another remark made at the recent Electron Devices Meeting in Washington stands out, "We must examine all ideas very carefully, for the idea which seems worthless today may be of absolutely no value a month from now."

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space age

by Norman L. Baker

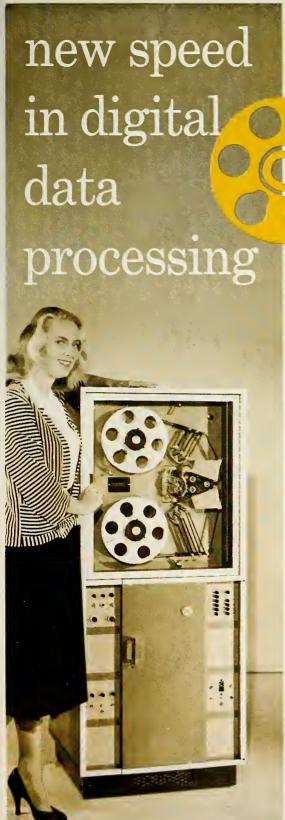
Decontamination for public pacification—Leading space medicine scientists believe sterilization of lunar payloads is a waste of time and current probes are only being made germ-free to "satisfy the public." Dr. Hubertus Strughold, Research Advisor for the AF School of Aviation Medicine, says there is only the smallest chance that earth microbes could survive on the moon even in the slight traces of atmosphere that might be trapped in the lunar craters. An ABMA scientist, agreeing with Dr. Strughold, says that the rocket's skin would be completely sterilized by the ultraviolet rays from the sun en route.

Venus or Mars will provide germ breeding ground—On the other hand, payloads sent to the atmosphere-enveloped planets of Venus and Mars will require maximum sterilization if we wish to protect any living organism that may exist there. For instance, pneumonia and tuberculosis germs, micro-organisms that subsist on carbon dioxide, would multiply at a tremendous rate on Venus with its heavily loaded CO_2 atmosphere. The entire organism population of the planet could be wiped out in a short time if the organisms failed to produce antibodies fast enough or strong enough to counteract the transplanted earth germs.

Moon a dead planetary body?—The recent report that a volcanic eruption had occurred on the moon, by "highly able and professional" Russian scientists, has brought conflicting reactions from leading astronomers. British astronomers branded the report "nonsense" and are viewing it with skepticism until two or more similar reports are made by astronomers of other nations.

Russian discovery collaborated—Dr. Dinsmore Alter, former director of Griffith Observatory, has collaborated the Russian discovery by reporting the presence of what he termed seeping gases on the floor of Alphonsus crater, the one in which the volcanic eruptions was reportedly photographed by the Russians. Alter added that an extensive series of photographs he had taken revealed an obscuration on the western side of the crater's 70-mile wide floor. Previously, most scientists have believed that all moon craters were formed by meteorite impacts.

Project Rotor—Sputnik III and its last stage launching rocket, regarded as the most valuable and spectacular satellites put into orbit, are destined to yield more invaluable data before their demise. The final stage rocket, calculated to end its orbiting life about December 4, is the object of a new study by the Research Station for Satellite Observation at the Harvard College Observatory. The study will calculate motions of the satellite about its own center of gravity. Now tumbling about its CG every 18.5 seconds, it causes two reflections of light, each about nine seconds long. By measuring the increase in the time interval between the light flashes as the satellite drops nearer the earth, precise measurements of the atmosphere's density can be made. Project Rotor is investigating the angle between the orbit at a particular moment, plus the tumble axis and the angle through which the tumble axis precesses.



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JOHNS-MANVILLE



Vandenberg Readies for First Missile Firings

by Robert Mount Special m/r correspondent

VANDENBERG AFB, CALIF.—The Air Force is virtually ready to begin its countdown for the first ballistic missile launching from the West Coast.

Eight launching stations in the *Thor* IRBM complex at isolated Vandenberg AFB in North Santa Barbara County are more than 99% complete.

Ballistic Missile Division and Douglas Aircraft Co. are reportedly moving quickly in preparation for the first four launchings from the Strategic Air Command's first operational ballistic missile site.

The first launch is expected in a matter of days and the first West Coast satellite launching, utilizing a *Thor* vehicle is anticipated on November 30 or December 1. This may be a test version of WS-117L, although a December 19 date is rumored.

In addition, the three pads in the initial Atlas complex are 94% complete, indicating an operational capability will be achieved for ICBM launchings in the very near future.

• Titan pad progressing—Completion of a second Atlas complex is expected by mid-spring. The Atlas and Thor complexes represent initial contracts of over \$18.5-million. Completion date of the first Titan pad, now well along in construction, is indefinite.

Before January the Air Force expects to have let \$62-million of the estimated \$100-million cost of initial construction

The *Thor* guidance facilities have already been completed and the \$1.6-million oxygen plant is 97% complete.

Underground communications facilities for the Atlas-Thor complexes are 96% complete. The guided missile maintenance and assembly facilities costing \$1.7-million are 99% complete, along with roads to the Thor complex. The Thor pads can be considered ready to do business.

Basic construction was completed by the U.S. Corps of Engineers last month when their facilities were turned over to the Air Force for technical completion and final check out.

As soon as the first *Thor* launching is complete the Air Force can look forward to the beginning of intensified training of missile men by the First Missile Division at Vandenberg.

• RAF in training—Some 160 Royal Air Force personnel and about 50 USAF missile men are already in training, although their work is presently heavily weighted with blackboard rather than practical field instructions.





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Fast and easy installation is an important advantage of these "packaged" hydraulic power and control systems by Vickers. It saves time at the missile site — keeps "on-the-spot" labor charges low. That's important! Yet this fast installation is only one of the benefits you get with these factory-built power packages.

Save Design Time — Since 1932 Vickers has custom designed hydraulic power packages. Thus, we know how to avoid "false starts" and can develop highly efficient units in a hurry.

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Save Space — Units are surprisingly compact, yet all components are easily accessible. Solid steel drilled manifolds reduce piping and space. Components, lines and connections are kept to an absolute minimum.

Simple Field Adjustment — The building-block concept is followed to

give component interchangeability, servicing ease and quick location of any malfunction. All components are individually tested; complete power units are pretested before shipment. Insure Predictability — Vickers designs and builds systems which meet the most rigid performance specifications including predicted ambient temperature, weather and other conditions.

Reduce Field Inventory — As far as possible, units are designed with components that are commercial "shelf" items. Inventories of warehouse stocks can be kept low because of component and part interchangeability.

How far advanced is your projection.

ect? If it is in the design and development stage, we can immediately place a team of hydraulic specialists in your plant to work with your engineers. If it is in the "breadboard" stage, let us give you an alternate proposal. On many applications we have suggested much improved power units at attractive production-line prices.



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DIVISION OF SPERRY RAND CORPORATION
Marine and Ordnance Department
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Hydraulic Products for Marine and Ground Defense Applications

Decision Expected Soon on U.K. Space Program

LONDON—A committee of the Royal Society, equivalent to the U.S. National Academy of Sciences, is advising the U.K. government on the feasibility of establishing a British spaceflight program, and to investigate projects which might be undertaken with satellites and probe rockets.

Speculation that an announcement was imminent concerning the government's decision on such a program was denied at the opening of a discussion meeting on space research held here, and indications were that a firm decision has not yet been made.

Immediately following the meeting, a charter, rules of procedure and plan of organization were drawn up for the International Committee on Space Research, subject to approval by the International Council of Scientific Unions. It was reported that the International Committee, at its first meeting, had reached agreement that any country would be allowed to carry out space experiments using American or Soviet satellites (m/r, Aug. 18, p. 33).

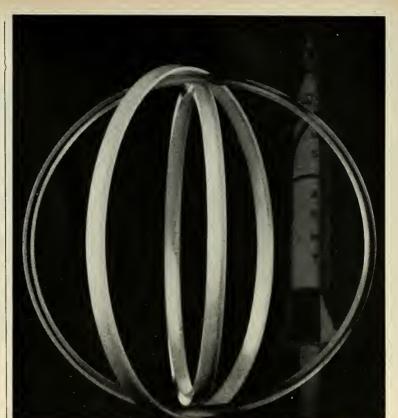
Applications by foreign scientists to put their equipment aboard satellites would be decided on merit by the committee, and the equipment placed aboard the particular satellite considered most suitable. The Soviet scientist reportedly insisted that details of their rockets and methods of launching remain secret.

During the meeting itself, Prof. S. Chapman, formerly of Oxford University, advanced the theory that the sun's corona extends beyond the earth and that its temperature in the region of the earth's orbit was around 220,000°C. This, according to Prof. Chapman, was the source of heat flowing downward into the upper atmosphere, and the earth was in effect a cold spot in a hot gas. The theory was supported by recent findings that temperature gradients in the upper atmosphere are several times steeper than believed.

New Missile Ship Ready on West Coast

PORT HUENEME, CALIF.—The multi-million dollar experimental and training missile ship King County has joined the growing fleet of special Navy vessels assigned to the Pacific missile range.

The King County is in Port Hueneme Harbor near Point Mugu. She is a converted LST carrying a mockup of the Regulus II and the conning tower, launcher, television cameras and a hangar for the Halibut and her sister submarine, Grayback.



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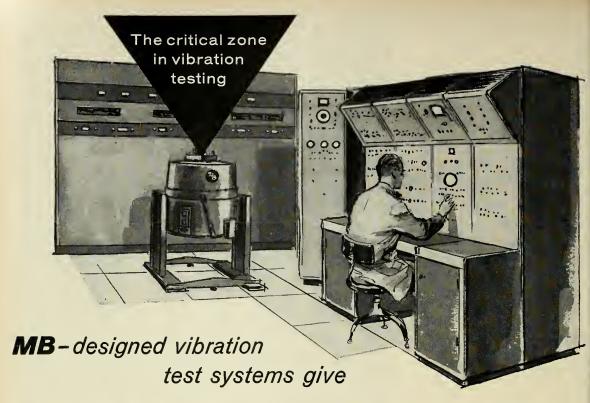
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Camden 1, New Jersey







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Whole purpose of a vibration test system, large or little, is to subject specimens to motions that simulate service conditions as closely as possible. Such motion gives you reliable information on vibratory response and performance of structures, products, components. It helps reduce risk of malfunction or failures in the field.

But many factors contribute to this motion. Among them: force output and characteristics of the exciter; ample and undistorted power supply to meet all shaker-plus-specimen load relationships; meticulous matching of components in the entire system from input signal to output at the shaker table.

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As the manufacturer of complete systems, MB intimately knows the operational needs of shaker, builds amplifiers and controls around those needs. Each MB system is integrated toward the highly

desired end result . . . delivering optimum performance at the shaker table for present and future needs.

The largest field service organization in vibration testing is ready to help you achieve that result. For latest information, call on MB.

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Shown above is a typical MB test system. It includes a Model C70 7000 pound force vibration exciter fit for environmental testing chambers.

The MB T996 amplifier is rated at 50KVA output and can handle the most adverse reactive shaker loads for broad-band sine wave and random motion testing. The T68MC control console is easy to use, also provides automatically cycled testing. The T88 console expands system for complex motion work.

Send for Bulletin 470 which gives detailed specifications on the high performance available from this system; and from others to 25,000 pounds force.

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n.

when and where

American Society of Mechanical Engineers. Annual Meeting, Hotels Statler-Hilton and Sheraton-Mc-Alpin, New York, N.Y., Dec. 1-5.

Third EIA Conference, Reliable Electrical Connections, Dallas, Texas,

Dec. 2-4.

Institute of Radio Engineers and American Institute of Electrical Engineers, Second National Symposium on Global Communications, Colonial Inn, St. Petersburg, Fla., Dec. 3-5.

Eastern Joint Computer Conference and Exhibit, Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 3-5.

Institute of Radio Engineers, Ninth National Conference, Professional Group on Vehicular Communications, Hotel Sherman, Chicago, Ill., Dec. 4-5.

Plas-Tech Equipment Corp., Symposium on High Speed Testings, Sheraton-Plaza Hotel, Boston,

Mass., Dec. 8.

Mid-American Electronics Convention, sponsored by Kansas City Section, Institute of Radio Engineers, Municipal Auditorium Arena, Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 9-11.

American Astronautical Society, Fifth Annual Meeting, Hotel Statler, Washington, D.C., Meeting will be held in conjunction with the 125th Annual Meeting of the American Assn. for the Advancement of Science, Dec. 27-30.

JANUARY

Reliability and Quality Control in Electronics, Fifth National Symposium, Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 12-14.

Fifth Annual Radar Symposium (classified), Rockham Bldg., University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich., Jan. 27-29.

Society of Plastics Engineers, 15th Annual Technical Conference, Hotel Commodore, New York, N.Y., Jan. 27-30.

Armour Research Foundation, Fifth Annual Midwest Welding Conference, Illinois Institute of Technology, Chicago, Ill., Jan. 28-29.

FEBRUARY

Society of the Plastics Industry, 14th Annual Technical and Management Edgewater Conference, Beach Hotel, Chicago, Feb. 3-5.

1959 Solid State Circuits Conference, Institute of Radio Engineers' Professional Group on Circuit Theory, American Institute of Electrical Engineers' Committee on Electronics and the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 12-13.



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If you are concerned with fast fluid transfer, remember this-FRI has the engineering imagination to design complete lightweight systems, and manufacturing facilities to produce in quantities such components as valves, couplings, nozzles, fittings and portable tanks. Write for literature.



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Simmons to develop this successful
LINK-LOCK application

Simmons LINK-LOCK, with design modifications developed in cooperation with the Engineering Department of Applied Design Company, Buffalo, New York, resolves special closure requirements in rigidly specified transit cases like the aluminum equipment container shown.

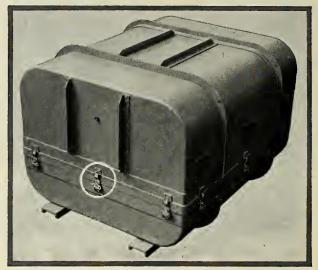
Here, the bowed LINK-LOCK engagement blade provides the double advantage of maintaining constant fastener pressure and permitting considerable mounting tolerance. This container is just one of many important products in which Applied Design specifies standard and special Simmons Fasteners.

Here's why LINK-LOCK is ideal for use on military cases produced to exacting specifications as well as on inexpensive commercial containers:

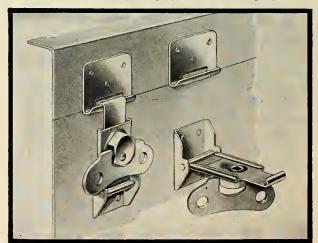
- Impact and shock resistant (positive-locking).
- High closing pressure with light operating torque...insures pressure-tight seals where required.
- Available in 3 sizes, for heavy, medium, and light duty.
- Compact design...lies flat against case even when unlocked.
- Opening and closing by wing-nut, screwhead, or hex nut.
- Flexible engagement latch design...can be varied to suit different conditions.

Also available: Spring-Loaded LINK-LOCK. Ideal for the less expensive containers where costs won't permit precision production. Spring provides take-up to compensate for set in gasketing, irregularities of sealing surfaces, and mounting inaccuracies.

SEND TODAY for the Simmons Catalog for complete information and engineering data on LINK-LOCK and other Simmons Industrial Fasteners. Engineering service is available; outline your particular fastening problems. Samples on request.



Twelve special loop-blade LINK-LOCK fasteners are used in this aluminum transit case designed by Applied Design Company.



Standard No. 2 LINK-LOCK (Medium-Duty). Available with screwhead, wing-nut as shown, or hex nut.

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contract awards

By the Department of the Army:

\$1.570,000—C. H. Leavell and Company of El Paso, Texas for construction of Nike-Zeus developmental facilities at the White Sands Missile Range in New Mexico.

By U.S. Army Ordnance District, Los Angeles, Pasadena, Calif.: \$140,000—North American Aviation, Inc., Canoga, Park, Calif. for design and development and \$194,000 for rocket engines.

By Purchasing and Contracting Division, White Sands Missile Range, N.M.:

\$58,288—Nems Clarke Co., Division Vitro Corp. of America, Silver Spring, Md. for crystal controlled telemetry receivers and components.

\$25,800—Sperry Gyroscope Co. Division, Sperry Rand Division, Great Neck, N.Y. for klystron tubes.

By the Office of the District Engineer, U.S. Army Engineer District, Baltimore, Corps of Engineers, Baltimore 3, Md.:

\$129,500—Keane Construction Co., Inc., Fort Lee, N.J. for special conversion for *Nike-Hercules*, Sites BA-18D-CL, BA-30D-C1 and BA-79D-C1, Maryland, consisting of new 8,000 gal. underground oil storage tank; elevator pump unit; government-furnished structural modifications to elevators, including locking bar supports, bolster, launching pad support, deck support beams, portland cement concrete pavement; security fencing and lighting.

By U.S. Army Ordnance Missile Command, Redstone Arsenal, Redstone Arsenal, Ala.:

\$29,892-Scintilla Division, Bendix Aviation Corp., Sidney, N.Y. for electrical connectors. \$25,982—Rome Cable Corp., Rome, N.Y. for guided missile

test facilities.

\$33,146-Wiancko Engineering Co., Pasadena, Calif. for pressure pickups with varying ranges.

By U.S. Army Signal Supply Agency, Philadelphia, Pa.

\$99,175—Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y. for research work for 12 months to conduct a program of investigation and analysis of electron tube field failures.

\$81,728—Varian Associates, Palo Alto, Calif. for research

work for nine months covering a study of molecular and

atomic resonance devices.

\$59,822-United Research, Inc., Cambridge, Mass. for research and development work for 41/2 months on wind shear measurements.

\$950,000—Rheem Manufacturing Co., Aircraft Div., Downey, Calif. for redirection of work to be performed under the

contract in the manufacture of 15 surveillance drones.

\$95,413—Hi-Q Division Aerovox Corp., Olean, N.Y. for research and development work for 18 months on transistor temperature compensation capacitors.

\$75,382-Radio Corp. of America, Harrison, N.J. for research study of electron tube materials, gases, and getters, for 12 months.

549—Western Electric Co., Inc., New York, N.Y. for 12 months study to continue investigation of lutra-precise \$96,549quartz crystal controlled oscillators, quartz crystal resonator.

By U.S. Army Ordnance District, Philadelphia, Philadelphia, Pa.:

\$185,240—Western Electric Co., Inc., New York, N.Y. four contracts for Nike spare parts and components.
\$17,961—The Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa., for determination of local magnetic fields and

nuclear magnetic moments.

NAVY

By Supply Officer, U.S. Naval Gun Factory, Washington, D.C.: \$77,628—Vickers, Inc., Waterbury, Conn. for repair parts, missile feeder MK 9-0, Handling BW-1 missile, hydraulic and electrical equipment for parts list R-23976-1.

\$90,455—Vickers Inc. Electric Products Div., Saint Louis, Mo. for amplifiers, reactors, transformers, etc., to be used as

spare parts for missile-launching system.
\$74,110—Associated Steel Co., Houston, Texas for stainless steel tubing various sizes for missile launcher MK 11-0 PML 12, 81,621 ft.

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Write for Bulletin AV2010 on Bristol Miniature Gage and Absolute, Adjustable and Differential Switches. The Bristol Company, Aircraft Components Division, 173 Bristol Road, Waterbury 20, Conn.



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differential Burst Pressure - exceeds 250% of normal working pressure

Electrical Ratings - 5 amp at 125 v, 60 cycle, inductive or resistive

4 amp at 30 vdc resistive 2.5 amp at 30 vdc inductive

Dielectric Strength - 500 v rms between terminals and from terminals to case (MIL-S-8801)

Life at Rated Electrical Load -40,000 cycles at 125 vac 25,000 cycles at 28 vdc

High Temperature Exposure & Operating -(MIL-S-8801) 250°F Low Temperature Exposure & Operating –
(MIL-S-8801) –65° F

Shock, 30 g, 3 axes — (MIL-S-8801) no change Vibration — (MIL-S-8801) no contact chatter, no switch damage

300-600 cpm at 0.050" d.a.—set point change—none operating differential change—none 600-4500 cpm at 0.036" d.a.—set point change—1/4 psi operating differential change-1/2 psi

4500-30,000 cpm at 10 g-set point change-1/4 psi operating differential change-1/2 psi

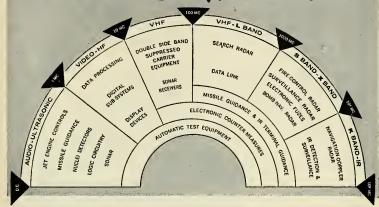
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Missiles & Rockets Magazine, 1001 Vermont Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.

We Will Deserve What We Get!

Americans who had taken to resting on their laurels were rudely awakened October 4, 1957—when man's first step into space was made by a Russian boot.

Reaction was first shock, then disbelief, then accusation. The Democrats blamed the Republicans, who in turn cited the years lost under Democratic administration when the groundwork should have been laid. Fingers were pointed at our education system, at our research and development budgets, and at our pleasure-bent philosophy of life.

For a while it looked as though the Russian boot had kicked us into action. Conferences were called, Congress held special hearings, experts were interviewed and aid-to-education bills poured into the Congressional hopper. The result was a fattening of the defense budget, passage of the National Defense Education Act—but not much else.

The temporary stimulus of the Russian kick has worn off. The public seems to have shrugged its shoulders and gone back to watching TV "adult" westerns. Meanwhile, the danger grows—despite, and in part because of, indifference.

One important facet of the problem that was early recognized but is still to be faced is the need for vigorous expansion of our science-engineer production (see m/r, Oct. 13, p. 19). And, although the number increases annually, the outlook is gloomy when these increases are evaluated in relation to the mushrooming demand of today's electronic era and tomorrow's atomic age.

A good start toward solution of the problem was made by the President's Committee on Scientists and Engineers. This pre-Sputnik group has been working quietly and effectively since April 1956 to coordinate and stimulate the efforts of private citizens to meet the growing scientific manpower need.

The PCSE, composed of 18 representatives from top industrial, scientific educational and labor organizations, has set up a series of effective programs in motion. These include analysis of scientific employment statistics, stimulation of interest in scientific and technical careers, steps to improve technical education and aid to industry for better utilization of the talent now available. The cooperation shown the PCSE groups by high schools, civic organizations, and manufacturers has been excellent.

Although this program was never meant to be a cure-all for the scientific manpower problem, projects such as the science summer day camps and the work of local committees have provoked a response and their effect has been tangibly felt. It is a small but significant step in the right direction.

However, with the need greater than ever, the Committee is scheduled to die at the end of this year. Although certain of the group's functions may be taken over by the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization, just how it will operate and what phases of the work will continue are not clear. Furthermore, much of the group's effectiveness can undoubtedly be attributed to its prestige as a *Presidential* committee. And although PCSE has been of the government, it was not by the government. This distinction is sure to be lost if it is slipped into some niche in an independent government agency.

Last May, the Committee voted unanimously to continue in operation for another year. The White House compromised with a six-month extension. Among those groups who strongly favored that the committee continue "as is" were such participating members as the U.S. Chamber of Commerce, the National Society of Professional Engineers and the AFL-CIO. Representatives of those organizations have been vocal in their keen disappointment that the team cannot continue their projects as planned.

Included in those programs whose fate is still in doubt is the evaluation of statistical data to determine as accurately as possible what the future demand and supply of scientists and engineers will be. Such a study would be extremely useful to the future planning of industry.

Although the White House admits the committee has "served a useful purpose," reason given for the change is that the group was never intended to be permanent and that "most of its work has been graduated into major and permanent projects" which will be largely directed by Presidential Scientific Advisor Dr. James Killian and the OCDM.

However, the wisdom of this still vague move to "graduation" is questionable when the committee has functioned so well, accomplished so much, has projects still to complete and is itself, unanimously in favor of continuing its status quo.

Its effective impact on an apathetic public opinion in those towns and cities where its programs were introduced has proven that there is need for not only a continuation of the work started, but for an expansion.

We know what the committee can do because of what it has done. Why disrupt it now?

If programs such as the PCSE are allowed to wither away at a time when their need is increasingly urgent, we may have to take the consequences of having been not only "hauled kicking and screaming" into the atomic era but of being completely inadequate to cope with it when we get there. And we will deserve what we get.

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NEW PRODUCT BRIEFS

GNETRONS. Three new Ka-band metrons especially ruggedized for ile applications have been announced Sylvania Electric Products Inc. The types-M4063, M4064 and M4155 lus the earlier 5789 and 6799, cover ower range from 20 to 100 kilowatts. 20-kilowatt M-4063 weighs only nine nds, while the 70-kilowatt type Mweighs 13 pounds. Between these he II-pound M4155, a ruggedized ion of the 5789, which has a rated k output power of 40 kilowatts.

e No. 225 on Subscriber Service Card.

ACITORS. The Bendix E-315 famof high temperature capacitors are lable where high temperature coments are a must. Manufactured of strategic materials, the #315 capachas completed qualification testing 000 hours at maximum temperature rated voltage. Temperature range is to 315°C. Capacitance is 0.05 to microfarads at 600 volts d.c.

e No. 226 on Subscriber Service Card.

DES. The availability of silicon er Regulator Diodes in both 10 watt 50 watt power ratings with voltage es up to 200 volts have been annced by Motorola's Semiconductor sion. The IOMZ series which is rated 10 watts at 55°C is housed in the c, standard 10-32 stud package, the 50MZ (50 watt) series uses TO-3 package with either plug-in solder-in features as well as series lock construction for protection inst overvoltage on load. Both Zener lator families are available with er anode or cathode connected to for maximum circuit flexibility. e No. 227 on Subscriber Service Cord.

PSULE ELEMENTS. The Bristol Co., raft Components Div., has developed ide selection of capsular pressure nents 1/8" O.D. The elements are lable for either internally or externapplied pressures, in ranges from 50 psi with excellent linearity.

e No. 228 on Subscriber Service Card.

TAPE SYSTEM. Tele-Dynamics Inc. announces a new all-electronic Tape Error Compensation system for the reduction of wow and flutter errors in telemetry tape record-playback systems. Error frequencies of up to 3 Kc with magnitudes as great as 50% of design bandwidth for all IRIG subcarrier bands, both narrow and wide, are corrected by a minimum of 20 db. Subcarrier channels operated in either the continuous, commutated, or on-off modes may be corrected. Composed of three ruggedized modular components, the system weighs 351/2 lbs. and occupies 5-7/32 in, of panel space in a 19-in, equipment cabinet.

Circle No. 229 on Subscriber Service Cord.

BLOWERS. High-efficiency "Low Pressure" centrifugal blowers in a complete series from 2-in. to 9-in. diameters have been designed by The Torrington Manufacturing Co., specifically for cooling electronic equipment. The range of air delivery is from 20 to 2000 efm, depending upon the impeller size and motor speed. Input power is provided by either AC, DC or 400-cycle aircraft motors.

Circle No. 230 on Subscriber Service Cord.

LOW-PASS FILTER. A new low-pass RF Filter, Model 700 Mc cut-off and rates at 300 watts C.W. is announced by Adams-Russell Co., Inc., Unit handles 300 watts C.W. and is pressure-tight for high reliability. Specifications include: Insertion Loss: 013 db below 420 Mc; 60 db from 750 Mc to beyond 4000 Mc; Power Rating; 300 watts C.W.; VSWR: 1.3 below 420 Mc in 50-ohm system; Size: 15 inches long by 21/2 inches in diameter.

Circle No. 231 on Subscriber Service Card.

AMPLIFIERS. A series of miniaturized DC Amplifiers, having adjustable voltage gains of 100 to 500 with a linearity of plus or minus .5%, based on a 5 volt DC nominal output value, have been announced by Networks Electronic Corp. The units weigh approximately 7 ounces and measure 2.5" x 1.19" sq.

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MISSILE LITERATURE

MAGNETIC SHIELDING. Newly issued 31-page manual from Magnetic Shield Div., Perfection Mica Co., gives a comprehensive summation describing design and fabricating techniques for non-shock sensitive non-retentive Netic and Co-Netic magnetic shielding in standard gauges and thin ductile foil. Forty illustrations depict a wide variety of shapes, sizes and applications and 12 pages of physical data and graphs are given together with various suggested test techniques for evaluating shielding of both high and low intensities.

Circle No. 200 on Subscriber Service Cord.

LEAD SULFIDE DETECTORS. A new state-of-the art report on the properties of Infrared Industries, Inc.'s infratron lead sulfide detectors is now available to readers concerned with the design of optimum performance infrared systems or controls. The twelve-page report gives comprehensive description, carefully illustrated and documented, of performance characteristics of a wide range of lead sulfide detectors.

Circle No. 201 on Subscriber Service Cord.

FACILITIES. The Sundstrand Turbo Div. of Sundstrand Machine Tool has available a new thirty-six-page brochure. "Capabilities and Facilities." The publication covers the company's departments of Research and Development, Testing, Production and other general information. Some of the specific research and development catagories listed are: chemical, metallurgical, mechanical, electrical, cryogenics, hydraulics and combustion.

Circle No. 202 on Subscriber Service Cord.

PHENOLIC RESIN. The Eli Sandman Co. announces the publication of a bulletin on the V-204 phenolic resin used for the pre-impregnation of fibreglass, asbestos, or other suitable reinforcing materials. The bulletin provides complete technical data and recommended fabrication techniques for V-204 pre-impregnated on 181 glass fabric with an A-1100 finish. and compares the mechanical and physical properties to Military Spec, Mil-R-9299.

Circle No. 203 on Subscriber Service Cord.

AMPLIFIERS. Acromag, Inc. has a new 2 color, 4 page bulletin describing their standard series 400 CPS precision magnetic amplifiers. These amplifiers are used for such applications as missile guidance, automatic pilots, industrial controls, monitoring systems, helicopter rotor speed controls, nuclear measurements and electro-hydraulic servo valves. Circle No. 210 on Subscriber Service Cord.

TAPE PROCESSING. This six page I chure describes Digitronics Corp.'s s cial tape processing equipment wl offers the following features, singly in any desired combination: tape tes tape interrogate, tape editor, to translater or tape copier. This equ ment is available for purchase or ren Circle No. 204 on Subscriber Service Co

MINIATURE PLUGS. The new Cana MS Miniature Plugs, Series KM, signed and qualified to Military Spe fication MIL-C-25955 (USAF) are scribed and illustrated in Cannon Ca log KM-I. The new KM Series is u in airborne applications where extrem of humidity and barometric pressure experienced. Featuring crimp-type, sno in contacts to eliminate soldering and moisture-sealing grommet to elimina potting, the KM reduces assembly ti as much as 80%.

Circle No. 205 on Subscriber Service Ca

SERVO MOTOR, Ketay Department Norden has prepared a Servo Mo bulletin for design engineers. This b letin contains applications data standard and custom servo motors cluding schematics of servo motors c erating direct plate to plate, with trai istorized amplifiers and with magne amplifiers, characteristics and install tion drawings are included in units fro size 08 to size 23. Gear Servo Moto are included.

Circle No. 206 on Subscriber Service Car

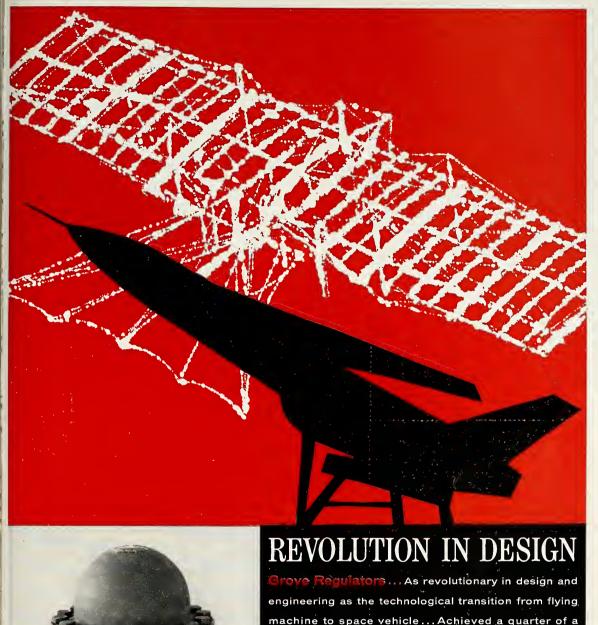
PULSE TRANSFORMERS, A new tec nical bulletin describing a series miniature encapsulated pulse transform ers wound on high permeability ferro magnetic cores has just been publishe by Technitrol Engineering Co., manu facturers of pulse transformers, dela lines and computer equipment.

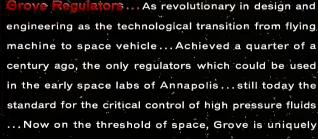
Circle No. 207 on Subscriber Service Can

FLUID CONTROLS. A new bulletin o Fluid Control Systems for Missiles is no available from Koehler Aircraft Product Co., Dayton, Ohio. This two-color bu letin describes and illustrates typica Koehler/Dayton valves, accessories and control systems for the in-flight and ground support handling of oils, fuels oxidizers and liquid or gaseous coolants Basic valves design features are included Circle No. 208 on Subscriber Service Card

COLD DRAWN WIRES, A new bookler describing the properties and applications of a wide variety of cold drawn fine wires is available from Sylvania Electric Products Inc.

Circle No. 209 on Subscriber Service Cord.





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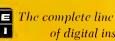
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