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Airlines chart a long, slow path back from the pandemic. PAGE 24

In his words: Don Kessler on orbital debris and pandemics

BY DON KESSLER

he math underlying the predictions in a pandemic and what is known as the Kessler Syndrome can be expressed with similar equations. In each situation, the prediction depends on the frequency that some "Object" encounters a "Victim." In a pandemic, the Object is a virus and the Victim is a person. In Earth orbit, the Object is a large piece of debris and the Victim is a structure or another large item of debris. The frequency with which an Object hits a Victim is proportional to their speed relative to each another. If that were the only factor, then we would see a slow, linear increase in Victims with time.

However, in each case, an Object that hits a Victim creates more Objects, each creating even more Victims, i.e., a cascading. This results in an exponential increase in Victims with time — with much greater speed in a pandemic than in orbit, of course — and will continue until there are no longer any operational satellites in orbit or vulnerable people in a pandemic.

That's the simple answer — the math is the same. The uncertainty in the equations is "Frequency." In a pandemic, how quickly the virus transfers itself from an Object is determined by biology and by human behavior.

Thirty years ago, NASA formulated mitigation guidelines for orbital debris that have been adopted internationally. Other countries made the guidelines mandatory, but NASA's implementation has lagged. As a result, these measures have failed to adequately slow the growth in the debris population. The same results can be expected if the virus mitigations are not followed. *



Don Kessler
established NASA's Orbital
Debris Program Office in 1979
and continued researching
the topic until his retirement
in 1996. His calculations
showing that cascading
collisions could someday
render entire orbits useless
became known as the Kessler
Syndrome. He now lives in
North Carolina.

▼ A chart from NASA's Orbital Debris Program Office resembles the COVID-19 graphs that health officials refer to when explaining the virus's spread.

NASA

Familiar trajectory

The increases in orbital debris tallied by NASA on this chart corresponds with predictions of the Kessler Syndrome. The 2007 spike comes from an anti-satellite weapon test in which China destroyed one of its own satellites, a nonfunctioning weather satellite; the 2009 spike resulted from the collision of an operational Iridium satellite and a nonoperational Russian satellite.

CREDIT: NASA

